/ Perfect Charging / Perfect Welding / Solar Energy

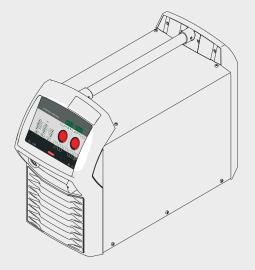


TransSteel 3500 Rob TransSteel 5000 Rob



Operating Instructions Spare parts list

MIG/MAG Power source





42,0426,0086,EN 022-10112017

Dear reader,

Introduction

Thank you for the trust you have placed in our company and congratulations on buying this high-quality Fronius product. These instructions will help you familiarise yourself with the product. Reading the instructions carefully will enable you to learn about the many different features it has to offer. This will allow you to make full use of its advantages.

Please also note the safety rules to ensure greater safety when using the product. Careful handling of the product will repay you with years of safe and reliable operation. These are essential prerequisites for excellent results.

Explanation of safety symbols

DANGER! Indicates immediate and real danger. If it is not avoided, death or serious injury will result.



WARNING! Indicates a potentially dangerous situation. Death or serious injury may result if appropriate precautions are not taken.



CAUTION! Indicates a situation where damage or injury could occur. If it is not avoided, minor injury and/or damage to property may result.



NOTE! Indicates a risk of flawed results and possible damage to the equipment.

IMPORTANT! Indicates tips for correct operation and other particularly useful information. It does not indicate a potentially damaging or dangerous situation.

If you see any of the symbols depicted in the "Safety rules" chapter, special care is required.

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Safety rules

General



The device is manufactured using state-of-the-art technology and according to recognised safety standards. If used incorrectly or misused, however, it can cause:

- injury or death to the operator or a third party,
- damage to the device and other material assets belonging to the operating company,
- inefficient operation of the device.

All persons involved in commissioning, operating, maintaining and servicing the device must:

- be suitably qualified,
- have sufficient knowledge of welding and
- read and follow these operating instructions carefully.

The operating instructions must always be at hand wherever the device is being used. In addition to the operating instructions, attention must also be paid to any generally applicable and local regulations regarding accident prevention and environmental protection.

All safety and danger notices on the device

- must be in a legible state,
- must not be damaged,
- must not be removed,
- must not be covered, pasted or painted over.

For the location of the safety and danger notices on the device, refer to the section headed "General" in the operating instructions for the device. Before switching on the device, rectify any faults that could compromise safe-ty.

This is for your personal safety!

Proper use



The device is to be used exclusively for its intended purpose.

The device is intended solely for the welding processes specified on the rating plate.

Any use above and beyond this purpose is deemed improper. The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damage arising from such usage.

Proper use includes:

- carefully reading and following all the instructions given in the operating instructions
- studying and obeying all safety and danger notices carefully
- performing all stipulated inspection and maintenance work.

Never use the device for the following purposes:

- Thawing out pipes
- Charging batteries
- Starting engines

The device is designed for use in industry and the workshop. The manufacturer accepts no responsibility for any damage caused through use in a domestic setting.

The manufacturer likewise accepts no liability for inadequate or incorrect results.

Environmental conditions



Operation or storage of the device outside the stipulated area will be deemed as not in accordance with the intended purpose. The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damage arising from such usage.

- Ambient temperature range:
 - during operation: -10 °C to + 40 °C (14 °F to 104 °F)
- during transport and storage: -20 °C to +55 °C (-4 °F to 131 °F)

Relative humidity:

- up to 50% at 40 °C (104 °F)
- up to 90% at 20 °C (68 °F)

The surrounding air must be free from dust, acids, corrosive gases or substances, etc.

Can be used at altitudes of up to 2000 m (6561 ft. 8.16 in.)

Obligations of the operator



The operator must only allow persons to work with the device who:

are familiar with the fundamental instructions regarding safety at work and accident prevention and have been instructed in how to use the device have read and understood these operating instructions, especially the section "safety rules", and have confirmed as much with their signatures

are trained to produce the required results.

Checks must be carried out at regular intervals to ensure that operators are working in a safety-conscious manner.

Obligations of personnel



Before using the device, all persons instructed to do so undertake:

to observe the basic instructions regarding safety at work and accident prevention

to read these operating instructions, especially the "Safety rules" section and sign to confirm that they have understood them and will follow them.

Before leaving the workplace, ensure that people or property cannot come to any harm in your absence.

Mains connection



Devices with a higher rating may affect the energy quality of the mains due to their current consumption.



This may affect a number of types of device in terms of: connection restrictions



criteria with regard to the minimum short-circuit power requirement *)

*) at the interface with the public grid see Technical Data

In this case, the plant operator or the person using the device should check whether the device may be connected, where appropriate by discussing the matter with the power supply company.

NOTE! Ensure that the mains connection is earthed properly

Protecting yourself and others



flying sparks and hot pieces of metal arc radiation, which can damage eyes and skin hazardous electromagnetic fields, which can endanger the lives of those using cardiac pacemakers

Persons involved with welding expose themselves to numerous risks, e.g.:



risk of electrocution from mains current and welding current



greater noise pollution







harmful welding fumes and gases

Anyone working on the workpiece while welding is in progress must wear suitable protective clothing with the following properties:

- flame-resistant
- insulating and dry
- covers the whole body, is undamaged and in good condition
- safety helmet
- trousers with no turn-ups

Protective clothing refers to a variety of different items. Operators should:

protect eyes and face from UV rays, heat and sparks using a protective visor and regulation filter.

- wear regulation protective goggles with side protection behind the protective visor.
- wear stout footwear that provides insulation even in wet conditions.
- protect the hands with suitable gloves (electrically insulated and providing protection against heat).
- wear ear protection to reduce the harmful effects of noise and to prevent injury.



Keep all persons, especially children, out of the working area while any devices are in operation or welding is in progress. If, however, there are people in the vicinity.

- make them aware of all the dangers (risk of dazzling by the arc, injury from flying sparks, harmful welding fumes, noise, possible risks from mains current and welding current, etc.),
- provide suitable protective equipment or
- erect suitable safety screens/curtains.

Danger from toxic gases and vapours



The fumes produced during welding contain harmful gases and vapours.

Welding fumes contain substances that may, under certain circumstances, cause birth defects or cancer.

Keep your face away from welding fumes and gases.

Fumes and hazardous gases

- must not be breathed in
 - must be extracted from the working area using appropriate methods.

Ensure an adequate supply of fresh air with a ventilation rate of at least 20 m³/ hour.

Otherwise, a protective mask with an air supply must be worn.

Close the shielding gas cylinder valve or main gas supply if no welding is taking place.

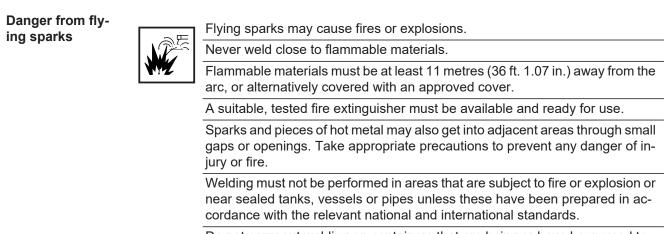
If there is any doubt about whether the extraction capacity is sufficient, the measured toxic emission values should be compared with the permissible limit values.

Amongst others, the following components are responsible for the degree of toxicity of welding fumes:

- Metals used for the workpiece
- Electrodes
- Coatings
- Cleaners, degreasers, etc.

The relevant material safety data sheets and manufacturer's specifications for the listed components should therefore be studied carefully.

Flammable vapours (e.g. solvent fumes) should be kept away from the arc's radiation area.



Do not carry out welding on containers that are being or have been used to store gases, propellants, mineral oils or similar products. Residues pose an explosive hazard.

Risks from mains current and welding current



An electric shock is potentially life threatening and can be fatal.

Do not touch live parts either inside or outside the device.



During MIG/MAG welding and TIG welding, the welding wire, the wirespool, the feed rollers and all pieces of metal that are in contact with the welding wire are live.

Always set the wirefeeder up on a sufficiently insulated surface or use a suitable, insulated wirefeeder holder.

Make sure that you and others are protected with an adequately insulated, dry temporary backing or cover for the earth or ground potential. This temporary backing or cover must extend over the entire area between the body and the earth or ground potential.

All cables and leads must be secured, undamaged, insulated and adequately dimensioned. Replace loose connections and scorched, damaged or inadequately dimensioned cables and leads immediately.

Use the handle to ensure the power connections are tight before every use. In the case of power cables with a bayonet connector, rotate the power cable around the longitudinal axis by at least 180° and pre-load.

Do not wrap cables or leads around the body or parts of the body.

The electrode (rod electrode, tungsten electrode, welding wire, etc.) must

never be immersed in liquid for cooling

Never touch the electrode when the power source is switched on.

Double the open circuit voltage of a power source can occur between the welding electrodes of two power sources. Touching the potentials of both electrodes at the same time may be fatal under certain circumstances.

Arrange for the mains cable to be checked regularly by a qualified electrician to ensure the ground conductor is functioning properly.

The device must only be operated on a mains supply with a ground conductor and a socket with a ground conductor contact.

Operating the device on a grid without a ground conductor and in a socket without a ground conductor contact will be deemed gross negligence. The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damage arising from such usage.

If necessary, provide an adequate earth connection for the workpiece.

Switch off unused devices.

Wear a safety harness if working at height.

Before working on the device, switch it off and pull out the mains plug.



Attach a clearly legible and easy-to-understand warning sign to the device to prevent anyone from plugging the mains plug back in and switching it on again.

After opening the device:

- Discharge all live components
- Ensure that all components in the device are de-energised

If work on live parts is required, appoint a second person to switch off the main switch at the right moment.

Meandering welding currents

If the following instructions are ignored, meandering welding currents can develop with the following consequences:

- Fire hazard
- Overheating of parts connected to the workpiece
- Irreparable damage to ground conductors
- Damage to device and other electrical equipment

Ensure that the workpiece is held securely by the workpiece clamp.

Attach the workpiece clamp as close as possible to the area that is to be welded.

If the floor is electrically conductive, the device must be set up with sufficient insulating material to insulate it from the floor.

If distribution boards, twin-head mounts, etc., are being used, note the following: The electrode of the welding torch / electrode holder that is not used is also live. Make sure that the welding torch / electrode holder that is not used is kept sufficiently insulated.

In the case of automated MIG/MAG applications, ensure that only an insulated wire electrode is routed from the welding wire drum, large wirefeeder spool or wirespool to the wire-feed unit.



Devices in emission class A:

Are only designed for use in industrial settings

- Can cause line-bound and radiated interference in other areas
- Devices in emission class B:
 - Satisfy the emissions criteria for residential and industrial areas. This is also true for residential areas in which the energy is supplied from the public low-voltage mains.

EMC device classification as per the rating plate or technical data.

EMC measures



In certain cases, even though a device complies with the standard limit values for emissions, it may affect the application area for which it was designed (e.g. when there is sensitive equipment at the same location, or if the site where the device is installed is close to either radio or television receivers).

If this is the case, then the operator is obliged to take appropriate action to rectify the situation.

Check and evaluate the immunity to interference of nearby devices according to national and international regulations. Examples of equipment that may be susceptible to interference from the device include:

- Safety devices
- Power, signal and data transfer lines
- IT and telecommunications devices
- Measuring and calibrating devices

Supporting measures for avoidance of EMC problems:

1. Mains supply

- If electromagnetic interference arises despite correct mains connection, additional measures are necessary (e.g. use a suitable line filter).
- 2. Welding power leads
 - must be kept as short as possible
 - must run close together (to avoid EMF problems)
 - must be kept well apart from other leads
- 3. Equipotential bonding
- 4. Earthing of the workpiece
 - If necessary, establish an earth connection using suitable capacitors.
- 5. Shielding, if necessary
 - Shield off other nearby devices
 - Shield off entire welding installation

EMF measures



Electromagnetic fields may pose as yet unknown risks to health:

- effects on the health of others in the vicinity, e.g. wearers of pacemakers and hearing aids
- wearers of pacemakers must seek advice from their doctor before approaching the device or any welding that is in progress
- for safety reasons, keep distances between the welding cables and the welder's head/torso as large as possible
- do not carry welding cables and hosepacks over the shoulders or wind them around any part of the body

Specific hazards



Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from moving parts. For example:

- Fans - Cogs
- Rollers
- Shafts
- Wirespools and welding wires

Do not reach into the rotating cogs of the wire drive or into rotating drive components.

Covers and side panels may only be opened/removed while maintenance or repair work is being carried out.

During operation

- Ensure that all covers are closed and all side panels are fitted properly.
- Keep all covers and side panels closed.



The welding wire emerging from the welding torch poses a high risk of injury (piercing of the hand, injuries to the face and eyes, etc.).



Therefore always keep the welding torch away from the body (devices with wire-feed unit) and wear suitable protective goggles.



Never touch the workpiece during or after welding - risk of burns.

Slag can jump off cooling workpieces. The specified protective equipment must therefore also be worn when reworking workpieces, and steps must be taken to ensure that other people are also adequately protected.

Welding torches and other parts with a high operating temperature must be allowed to cool down before handling.



Special provisions apply in areas at risk of fire or explosion - observe relevant national and international regulations.



Power sources for work in areas with increased electric risk (e.g. near boilers) must carry the "Safety" sign. However, the power source must not be located in such areas.



Risk of scalding from escaping coolant. Switch off cooling unit before disconnecting coolant flow or return lines.



Observe the information on the coolant safety data sheet when handling coolant. The coolant safety data sheet may be obtained from your service centre or downloaded from the manufacturer's website.



Use only suitable load-carrying equipment supplied by the manufacturer when transporting devices by crane.

Hook chains and/or ropes onto all suspension points provided on the load-carrying equipment.

Chains and ropes must be at the smallest angle possible to the vertical.
 Remove gas cylinder and wire-feed unit (MIG/MAG and TIG devices).

If the wire-feed unit is attached to a crane holder during welding, always use a suitable, insulated wirefeeder hoisting attachment (MIG/MAG and TIG devices).

If the device has a carrying strap or handle, this is intended solely for carrying by hand. The carrying strap is not to be used if transporting with a crane, counterbalanced lift truck or other mechanical hoist.



All lifting accessories (straps, handles, chains, etc.) used in connection with the device or its components must be tested regularly (e.g. for mechanical damage, corrosion or changes caused by other environmental factors). The testing interval and scope of testing must comply with applicable national standards and directives as a minimum.



Odourless and colourless shielding gas may escape unnoticed if an adapter is used for the shielding gas connection. Prior to assembly, seal the deviceside thread of the adapter for the shielding gas connection using suitable Teflon tape.

Factors affecting welding results



The following requirements with regard to shielding gas quality must be met if the welding system is to operate in a correct and safe manner:

Size of solid matter particles < 40 µm

Pressure dew point < -20 °C

Max. oil content < 25 mg/m³

Filters must be used if necessary.



NOTE! There is an increased risk of soiling if ring mains are being used

Danger from shielding gas cylinders



Shielding gas cylinders contain gas under pressure and can explode if damaged. As the shielding gas cylinders are part of the welding equipment, they must be handled with the greatest of care.

Protect shielding gas cylinders containing compressed gas from excessive heat, mechanical impact, slag, naked flames, sparks and arcs.

Mount the shielding gas cylinders vertically and secure according to instructions to prevent them falling over.

Keep the shielding gas cylinders well away from any welding or other electrical circuits.

Never hang a welding torch on a shielding gas cylinder.

Never touch a shielding gas cylinder with an electrode.

Risk of explosion - never attempt to weld a pressurised shielding gas cylinder.

Only use shielding gas cylinders suitable for the application in hand, along with the correct and appropriate accessories (regulator, hoses and fittings). Only use shielding gas cylinders and accessories that are in good condition.

Turn your face to one side when opening the valve of a shielding gas cylinder.

Close the shielding gas cylinder valve if no welding is taking place.

If the shielding gas cylinder is not connected, leave the valve cap in place on the cylinder.

The manufacturer's instructions must be observed as well as applicable national and international regulations for shielding gas cylinders and accessories.

Danger from escaping shielding gas



Risk of suffocation from the uncontrolled escape of shielding gas

Shielding gas is colourless and odourless and, in the event of a leak, can displace the oxygen in the ambient air.

- Ensure an adequate supply of fresh air with a ventilation rate of at least 20 m³/hour.
- Observe safety and maintenance instructions on the shielding gas cylinder or the main gas supply.
- Close the shielding gas cylinder valve or main gas supply if no welding is taking place.
- Check the shielding gas cylinder or main gas supply for uncontrolled gas leakage before every start-up.

Safety measures at the installation location and during transport



A device toppling over could easily kill someone. Place the device on a solid, level surface such that it remains stable

The maximum permissible tilt angle is 10°.



Special regulations apply in rooms at risk of fire or explosion - Observe relevant national and international regulations.

Use internal directives and checks to ensure that the workplace environment is always clean and clearly laid out.

Only set up and operate the device in accordance with the degree of protection shown on the rating plate.

When setting up the device, ensure there is an all-round clearance of 0.5 m (1 ft. 7.69 in.) to ensure that cooling air can flow in and out freely.

When transporting the device, observe the relevant national and local guidelines and accident prevention regulations. This applies especially to guidelines regarding the risks arising during transport.

Do not lift or transport operational devices. Switch off devices before transport or lifting.

Before transporting the device, allow coolant to drain completely and detach the following components:

- Wirefeeder
- Wirespool
- Shielding gas cylinder

After transporting the device, the device must be visually inspected for damage before commissioning. Any damage must be repaired by trained service technicians before commissioning the device.

Safety measures in normal operation



Only operate the device if all safety devices are fully functional. If the safety devices are not fully functional, there is a risk of

injury or death to the operator or a third party,

damage to the device and other material assets belonging to the operator, inefficient operation of the device.

Any safety devices that are not functioning properly must be repaired before switching on the device.

Never bypass or disable safety devices.

Before switching on the device, ensure that no one is likely to be endangered.

Check the device at least once a week for obvious damage and proper functioning of safety devices. Always fasten the shielding gas cylinder securely and remove it beforehand if the device is to be transported by crane.

Only the manufacturer's original coolant is suitable for use with our devices due to its properties (electrical conductibility, anti-freeze agent, material compatibility, flammability, etc.).

Only use suitable original coolant from the manufacturer.

Do not mix the manufacturer's original coolant with other coolants.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for damage resulting from use of a different coolant. In addition, all warranty claims will be forfeited.

The coolant can ignite under certain conditions. Transport the coolant only in its original, sealed containers and keep well away from any sources of ignition.

Used coolant must be disposed of properly in accordance with the relevant national and international regulations. The coolant safety data sheet may be obtained from your service centre or downloaded from the manufacturer's website.

Check the coolant level before starting to weld and while the system is still cool.



The housing screws provide the ground conductor connection for earthing the housing parts.

Only use original housing screws in the correct number and tightened to the specified torque.

Safety inspection



The manufacturer recommends that a safety inspection of the device is performed at least once every 12 months.

The manufacturer recommends that the power source be calibrated during the same 12-month period.

A safety inspection should be carried out by a qualified electrician

- after any changes are made
- after any additional parts are installed, or after any conversions
- after repair, care and maintenance has been carried out
- at least every twelve months.

For safety inspections, follow the appropriate national and international standards and directives.

Further details on safety inspection and calibration can be obtained from your service centre. They will provide you on request with any documents you may require.

Disposal



Do not dispose of this device with normal domestic waste! To comply with the European Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and its implementation as national law, electrical equipment that has reached the end of its life must be collected separately and returned to an approved recycling facility. Any device that you no longer require must either be returned to your dealer or given to one of the approved collection and recycling facilities in your area. Ignoring this European Directive may have potentially adverse affects on the environment and your health!

Safety symbols



Devices with the CE mark satisfy the essential requirements of the low-voltage and electromagnetic compatibility directives (e.g. relevant product standards of the EN 60 974 series).

Fronius International GmbH hereby declares that the device is compliant with Directive 2014/53/EU. The full text on the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at the following address: http://www.fronius.com



Devices marked with the CSA test mark satisfy the requirements of the relevant standards for Canada and the USA.

Data protection



The user is responsible for the safekeeping of any changes made to the factory settings. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any deleted personal settings.

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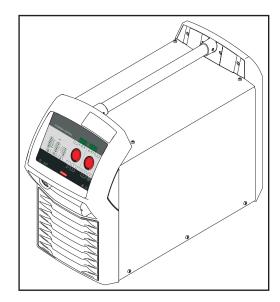
Copyright of these operating instructions remains with the manufacturer.

The text and illustrations are all technically correct at the time of printing. We reserve the right to make changes. The contents of the operating instructions shall not provide the basis for any claims whatsoever on the part of the purchaser. If you have any suggestions for improvement, or can point out any mistakes that you have found in the instructions, we will be most grateful for your comments.

General information

General

Device concept



The TransSteel (TSt) 3500 Rob and TSt 5000 Rob power sources are fully-digitised, microprocessor-controlled inverter power sources.

The modular design and potential for system add-ons ensure a high degree of flexibility. The devices are designed for the welding of steel.

All devices are suitable for:

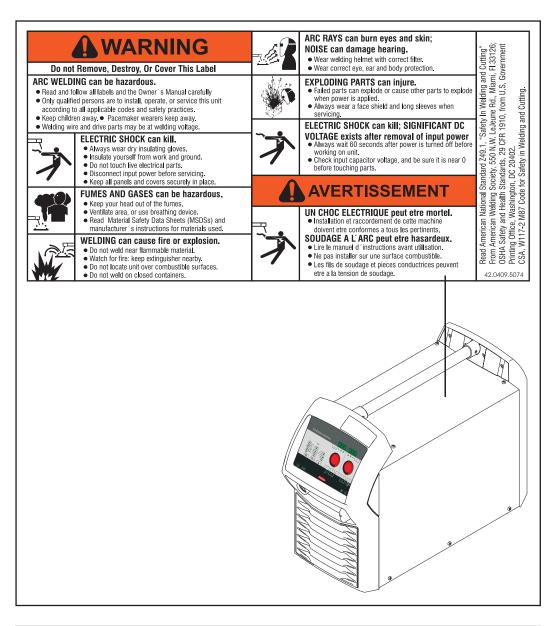
- MAG welding
- Manual metal arc welding

The device has a "Power limitation" safety feature. This means that the power source can
be operated at the power limit without compromising process safety. For more information,
see the "Welding mode" section.

Requirements	The TSt 3500 Rob and TSt 5000 Rob power sources can be used in conjunction with the VR 5000rob wire-feed unit.
Functional principle	 The central control and regulation unit of the power source is coupled with a digital signal processor. The central control and regulation unit and signal processor control the entire welding process. During the welding process, the actual data is measured continuously and the device responds immediately to any changes. Control algorithms ensure that the desired command values are kept. This results in: a precise welding process, a high degree of reproducibility of all results, excellent weld properties.
Application areas	 The devices are used in workshops and industry for manual and automated applications with classical steel and galvanised sheets. The TSt 3500/5000 power sources are designed for: Machine and equipment construction Steelwork Plant and container construction Shipyards and the offshore industry Metal and gantry construction Rolling stock construction

Warning notices on the device

Warning notices and safety symbols are affixed to the power source. These warning notices and safety symbols must not be removed or painted over. They warn against operating the device incorrectly, as this may result in serious injury and damage.



Safety symbols on the rating plate

Welding is dangerous. The following basic requirements must be met:

- Welders must be sufficiently qualified
- Suitable protective equipment must be used
- All persons not involved in the welding process must be kept at a safe distance
- Do not use the functions described here until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents:
 - these operating instructions
 - all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules

Options

General	The options listed below are available with all power source variants.		
Machine interface		ce connects the power source to the machine control. The following smitted across the machine interface:	
	 Signal input for The machine co as a welding to 	f welding / end of welding a floating contact (sensor, relay, etc.) between pin X1:1 and pin X1:2 ontrol signal input is processed by the power source in the same way rch signal input. Ensure that the correct mode is set (2-step or 4-step) d contacts for optimum signal transmission	
	 Signal output: Current flow signal Floating contact between pin X1:3 and pin X1:4 NOTE! The machine interface isolates the welding circuit up to a maximum of 500 V DC. To ensure reliable isolation from the welding circuit, use a relay with an insulation voltage greater than 1500 V DC. Technical data - start/end of welding signal input 		
	I _{max}	4 mA	
	Technical data - current flow signal output		
	U _{max}	24 V	
	I _{max}	20 mA	
Gas test button	the gas test button is	sets the protective gas flow. The protective gas flow is activated when pressed and is deactivated after 30 seconds or if the button is pressed d unit remains inactive.	
Gas preheater CO2 connection	External gas preheaters for gas pressure regulators can be connected to the gas preheater CO2 connection. Gas preheaters have a 36 V supply.		
	NOTE! Voltage is only supplied to gas preheaters during welding operations.		
	The power of the gas preheaters must not exceed 150 W. The gas preheater supply is protected against overloads and short-circuits.		
	Technical data		
	U _A	36 V _{AC}	
	P _{A, max}	150 W	

VRD: safety function A Voltage Reduction Device (VRD) is an optional safety device for reducing the voltage. It is recommended for environments in which the risk of an electric shock or electrical accident is increased considerably during arc welding:

- Due to a low human body resistance of the welder
- If the welder is exposed to a clear risk of touching the workpiece or other parts of the welding circuit

A low human body resistance is possible when there is:

- water in the area
- humidity
- heat, particularly ambient temperatures in excess of 32°C (89.6°F)

In wet, damp or hot locations, humidity or sweat can significantly reduce the skin resistance and the insulation resistance of protective equipment and clothing.

Such environments can include:

- Temporary dams for draining certain areas of a site during construction work (cofferdams)
- Trenches
- Mines
- Rain
- Areas partly submerged by water
- Spraywater areas

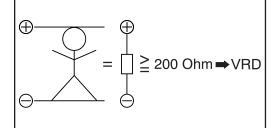
The VRD option reduces the voltage between the electrode and the workpiece. In safe conditions, the indicator for the currently selected welding process is permanently lit. A safe condition is defined as follows:

- The output voltage in an open circuit is limited to 35 V.

For as long as the welding operation is active (welding circuit resistance < 200 Ohm), the indicator of the currently selected welding process flashes and the output voltage may exceed 35 V.

_

VRD: safety principle



The welding circuit resistance is greater than the minimum human body resistance (greater than or equal to 200 Ohm): - VRD is active

- Open circuit voltage is limited to 35 V
- Unintentional contact with the output
- voltage does not put the welder at risk

The welding circuit resistance is less than the minimum human body resistance (less than 200 Ohm):

- VRD is inactive
- Output voltage not restricted in order to ensure sufficient welding power
- Example: Welding starts

In MMA welding mode:

Within 0.3 seconds of end of welding:

- VRD is active again
- The output voltage is limited to 35 V once more

Control elements and connections

Synergic control panel

General	The functions on the control panel are all arranged in a logical way. The various welding parameters can easily be selected using buttons and can just as easily be - altered using buttons or the adjusting dial - displayed on the digital display during welding
	The synergic function ensures that all other welding parameters are adjusted whenever an individual parameter is changed.



NOTE! Due to software updates, you may find that your device has certain functions that are not described in these operating instructions or vice versa. Individual illustrations may also differ slightly from the actual controls on your device, but these controls function in exactly the same way.

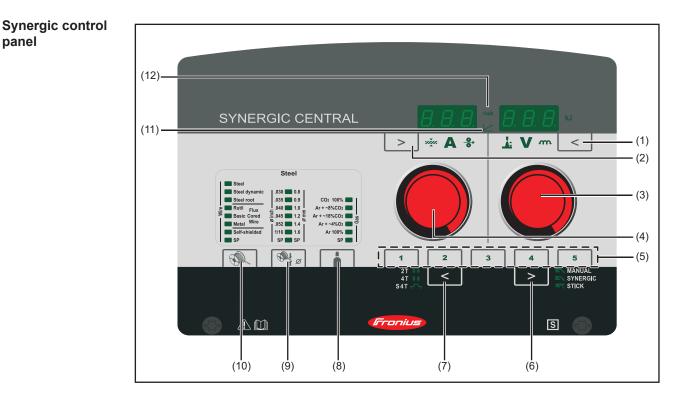
The power source uses the Synergic control panel and certain general items of data such as sheet thickness, filler metal, wire diameter and shielding gas to calculate the best welding parameters. As a result, stored knowledge is available at all times. All the parameters can be adjusted manually. The Synergic control panel also allows parameters to be set manually.

Safety

panel

WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents:

- these operating instructions
 - all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules



No. Function

(1) "Parameter selection" button (right)

a) for selecting the following welding parameters



for correcting the arc length

Welding voltage in V *)

Before the start of welding, the system automatically displays a standard value based on the programmed parameters. During welding, the actual value is displayed.

m Dynamic

for influencing the short-circuiting dynamic at the moment of droplet transfer

- ... harder, more stable arc
- 0 ... neutral arc
- + ... soft, low-spatter arc

kJ Real Energy Input

for displaying the energy applied during the welding operation. **)

b) for changing parameters in the Setup menu

"Parameter selection" button (left)

a) for selecting the following welding parameters

Sheet thickness

Sheet thickness in mm or in.

If the welding current to be selected is not known it is sufficient to enter the sheet thickness. The required welding current and any other parameters marked with *) will then be adjusted automatically.

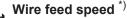


(2)

Welding current *)

Welding current in A

Before the start of welding, the device automatically displays a standard value based on the programmed parameters. During welding, the actual value is displayed.



Wire feed speed in m/min or ipm.

b) for changing parameters in the Setup menu

(3) Adjusting dial (right)

for changing the arc length correction, welding voltage and arc-force dynamic parameters

for changing welding parameters in the setup menu

(4) Adjusting dial (left)

for changing the sheet thickness, welding current and wire feed speed parameters for selecting welding parameters in the Setup menu

(5) "Save" buttons (Easy Job)

for saving up to 5 operating points

(6)	"Process" button ***)
	for selecting the welding process
	MANUAL - MIG/MAG standard manual welding
	SYNERGIC - MIG/MAG standard synergic welding
	STICK - Manual metal arc welding
(7)	"Mode" button
	for selecting the operating mode
	▲ 2 T - 2-step mode
	↓ 4 T - 4-step mode
	து S 4 T - Special 4-step mode
(8)	"Shielding gas" button
	for selecting the shielding gas to be used. Parameter SP is reserved for additional
	shielding gases.
	When a chielding was is called at a LED behind the galaxiest chielding was lighted
	When a shielding gas is selected, the LED behind the relevant shielding gas lights
	up.
(9)	"Wire diameter" button
	for selecting the wire diameter to be used. Parameter SP is reserved for additional
	wire diameters.
	When a wire diameter is selected, the LED behind the relevant wire diameter lights
	up.
(10)	"Material" button
(10)	for selecting the filler metal to be used. Parameter SP is reserved for additional filler
	metals.
	When a material is selected, the LED behind the relevant filler metal lights up.
(11)	Intermediate arc indicator
	A spatter-prone "intermediate arc" occurs between the dip transfer arc and the
	spray arc. To alert you to this critical area - and help you avoid it - the intermediate
	arc indicator lights up.
(12)	HOLD indicator
	At the end of each welding operation, the actual values for welding current and
	welding voltage are stored, and the "HOLD" indicator lights up.
*)	If one of these parameters is selected in the MIG/MAG standard synergic welding
,	process, then the synergic function ensures that all other parameters, including the
	welding voltage parameter, are adjusted automatically.
**)	The Real Energy Input display must be activated in level 2 of the Setup menu –
	EnE parameter. The value continuously rises during welding in line with the perma-
	nently increasing energy yield. The final value at the end of welding remains stored until welding starts again or the power source is switched back on - the "HOLD"
	indicator lights up.
***)	In conjunction with the VRD option, the currently selected welding process indica-
)	tor is simultaneously an additional indicator:
	- The indicator is permanently lit: the Voltage Reduction Device (VRD) is active
	and is limiting the output power to less than 35 V.
	- The indicator starts to flash as soon as a welding action starts in which the out-
	put voltage can exceed 35 V.

Various service parameters can be retrieved by pressing the "Parameter selection" buttons Service parameat the same time. ters

Opening the display



1 Press and hold the "Parameter selection" button (left)

2 3

Press the "Parameter selection" button (right)



Release the "Parameter selection" buttons

The first parameter ("Firmware version") is displayed, e.g. "1.00 | 4.21"

Selecting parameters



Select the required setup parameter using the "Mode" and "Pro-1 cess" buttons or the left-hand adjusting dial



Available parameters

> + <	Explanation
Example: 1.00 4.21	Firmware version
Example: 2 491	Welding program configuration
Example: r 2 290	Number of the currently selected welding program
Example: iFd 0.0	Motor current for wire drive in A The value changes as soon as the motor is running.
654 32.1 = 65,432.1 hours = 65,432 hours 6 mins	Indicates the actual arc time since using for the first time Note: The arc time indicator is not suitable as a basis for calcu- lating hiring fees, warranty services, etc.
2nd	2nd menu level for service engineers

Keylock

A keylock can be selected to prevent the settings from being inadvertently changed on the control panel. As long as the keylock is active

- no settings can be made on the control panel
- only parameter settings can be retrieved -
- any assigned "Save" button can be retrieved provided that an assigned "Save" button was selected when the keylock was enabled

Activate/deactivate the keylock as follows:



-

Press and hold the "Mode" button

<

3 <

2 Press the "Parameter selection" button (right)

Release the "Mode" and "Parameter Selection" buttons

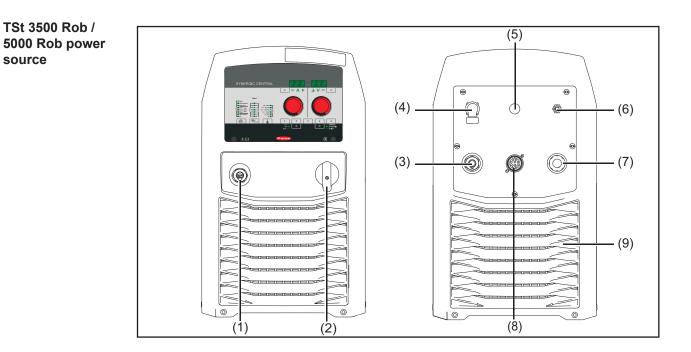
Keylock activated:

The message "CLO | SEd" appears on the displays.

Keylock deactivated:

The message "OP | En" appears on the displays.

Connections, switches and mechanical components



No.	Function	
(1) - -	(-) - Current socket with bayonet latch used for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable during MIG/MAG welding connecting the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on the type of electrode used)	
(2)	Mains switch for switching the power source on and off	
(3) - -	(+) Current socket with bayonet latch used for connecting the current cable from the interconnecting hosepack during MIG/MAG welding connecting the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on the type of electrode used)	
(4)	Gas preheater socket (option)	
(5)	Blanking cover	
(6)	Gas test button (option)	
(7)	Mains cable with strain relief device	
(8)	LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for the wire-feed unit (interconnecting hosepack)	
(9)	Air filter remove from the side for cleaning	

Installation and commissioning

Minimum equipment needed for welding task

General	Depending on which welding process you intend to use, a certain minimum equipment lev- el will be needed in order to work with the power source. The welding processes and the minimum equipment levels required for the welding task are then described.
MIG/MAG weld- ing, gas-cooled	 Power source Earth cable MIG/MAG robot welding torch, gas-cooled Gas connection (protective gas supply) Wire-feed unit (VR 5000rob) Interconnecting hosepack Wire electrode
MIG/MAG weld- ing, water-cooled	 Power source Cooling unit Earth cable MIG/MAG robot welding torch, water-cooled Gas connection (protective gas supply) Wire-feed unit (VR 5000rob) Interconnecting hosepack, water-cooled Wire electrode

Before installation and commissioning

Utilisation for in- tended purpose only	 The power source may only be used for MIG/MAG and MMA welding. Any other form of usage is deemed "not in accordance with the intended purpose". The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damages arising from such usage. Utilisation in accordance with the "intended purpose" also comprises following all the information in the operating instructions carrying out all the specified inspection and servicing work
Setup regulations	 The device is tested to IP 23, meaning: protection against penetration by solid foreign bodies with diameters > 12 mm (0.49 in.) protection against water sprayed directly at any angle up to 60° from the vertical The device can be set up and operated outdoors in accordance with degree of protection IP 23. Avoid direct wetting (e.g. from rain).
	WARNING! If one of these machines topples over or falls it could cause serious or even fatal injury. Place device on a solid, level surface in such a way that it remains stable.
	CAUTION! Electroconductive metallic dust may damage the device. The air filter is a very important safety feature for achieving IP 23. Always fit the air filter when operating the device.
	The venting duct is a very important safety feature. When choosing the installation location, ensure that the cooling air can enter and exit unhindered through the air ducts on the front and back of the device. Electroconductive metallic dust (e.g. from grinding work) must not be allowed to get sucked into the device.
Mains connection	The devices are designed to run on the mains voltage shown on the respective rating plates. If your version of the device does not come with mains cables and plugs ready-fit-ted, these must be fitted in accordance with national regulations and standards. For details of fuse protection of the mains lead, please see the Technical Data.
	NOTE! Inadequately dimensioned electrical installations can cause serious damage. The incoming mains lead and its fuse must be dimensioned to suit the local power supply. The technical data shown on the rating plate applies.

General

If no mains cable is connected, a mains cable that is suitable for the connection voltage must be fitted before commissioning.

A strain-relief device for the following cable cross-sections is fitted to the power source:

Power source	Cable cross-section fitted strain-relief device for	
	Canada / US	Europe
TSt 3500 Rob	AWG 12 *)	4G2.5
TSt 5000 Rob	AWG 10 *)	4G4
TSt 3500 MV Rob	AWG 10 *)	4G4
TSt 5000 MV Rob	AWG 6 *)	4G10

*) Canada / US cable type: Extra-hard usage

Strain-relief devices for other cable cross-sections must be designed accordingly.

Stipulated mains cables and strain relief devices	Power source	Mains voltage	Cable cross-sec- tion Canada/US	Europe
	TSt 3500 Rob	3 x 380 / 400 V	AWG 12 *)	4G2.5
		3 x 460 V	AWG 12 *)	4G2.5
	TSt 5000 Rob	3 x 380 / 400 V	AWG 8 *)	4G4
		3 x 460 V	AWG 10 *)	4G4
	TSt 3500 MV Rob	3 x 208 / 230 / 400 / 460 V	AWG 10 *)	4G4
	TSt 5000 MV Rob	3 x 208 / 230 / 400 / 460 V	AWG 6 *)	4G10

*) Canada/US cable type: Extra-hard usage

The item numbers of the different cables can be found in the spare parts list towards the end of the document.

American wire gauge

Connecting the mains cable

If no mains cable is connected, a mains cable that is suitable for the connection voltage must be fitted before commissioning.

CAUTION! If no ferrules are used, there is a risk of injury and damage from short circuits between the phase conductors or between the phase conductors and the PE conductor. Fit ferrules to all phase conductors and the PE conductor of the stripped mains cable.

The PE conductor should be approx. 10 - 15 mm (0.4 - 0.6 in.) longer than the phase conductors.

An illustration of the mains cable connection can be found in the following sections: "Fitting the strain-relief device" or "Fitting the strain-relief device for Canada / US". To connect the mains cable, proceed as follows:

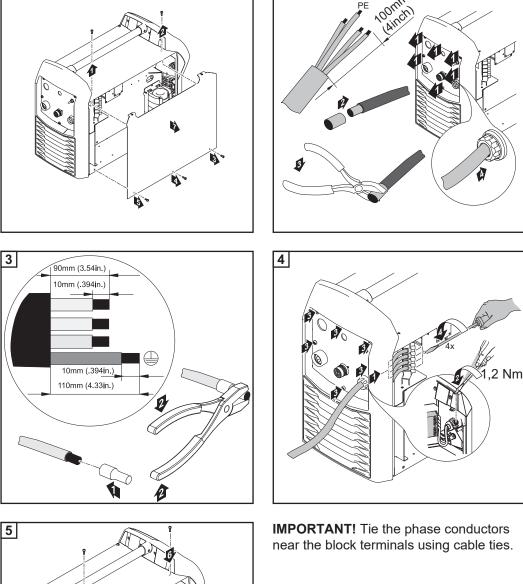
- Remove the side panel from the device
- 2 Push the mains cable in far enough to make it possible to connect the PE conductor and the phase conductors to the block terminal properly.

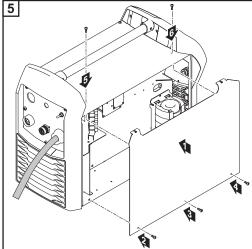
2

- 3 Fit ferrules to the PE conductor and phase conductors
- [4] Connect the PE conductor and phase conductors to the block terminal
- **5** Use the strain-relief device to secure the mains cable
- **6** Fir the side panel of the device

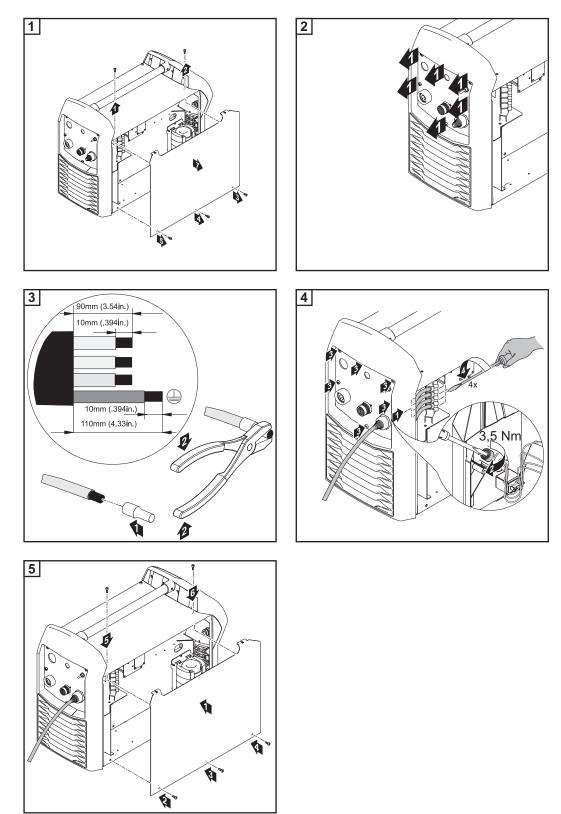
Fitting the Europe strain-relief de-vice

1





Fitting the strainrelief device for Canada / US and TSt 5000 MV Europe



IMPORTANT! Tie the phase conductors near the luster terminal using cable ties.

ЫN

Generator-powered operation

Generator-pow- T ered operation

The power source is generator-compatible.

The maximum apparent power S_{1max} of the power source must be known in order to select the correct generator output. The maximum apparent power S_{1max} of the power source is calculated as follows:

3-phase devices: Single-phase devices: $S_{1max} = I_{1max} \times U_1 \times \sqrt{3}$ $S_{1max} = I_{1max} \times U_1$

See device rating plate or technical data for I_{1max} and U_1 values

The generator apparent power $S_{\mbox{\scriptsize GEN}}$ needed is calculated using the following rule of thumb:

 $S_{GEN} = S_{1max} \times 1.35$

A smaller generator may be used when not welding at full power.

IMPORTANT! The generator apparent power S_{GEN} must always be higher than the maximum apparent power S_{1max} of the power source.

When using single-phase devices with a 3-phase generator, note that the specified generator apparent power is often only available as a whole across all three phases of the generator. If necessary, obtain further information on the single-phase power of the generator from the generator manufacturer.



NOTE! The voltage delivered by the generator must never exceed the upper or lower limits of the mains voltage tolerance range. Details of the mains voltage tolerance can be found in the "Technical data" section.

Information on system components

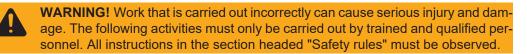
The steps and activities described below include references to various system components, including:

- trolley
 - upright console -
 - cooling units --
 - wire-feed units interconnecting hosepacks
 - --
 - welding torches, etc.

For more detailed information about installing and connecting the system components, please refer to the appropriate operating instructions.

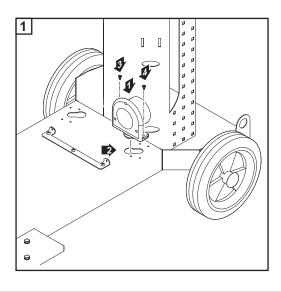
TSt 3500 Rob / 5000 Rob start-up

Fitting the system components (overview)



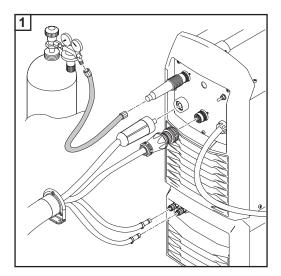
For detailed information about the individual steps, please refer to the operating instructions for the system components.

Strain relief device



Connecting the interconnecting hosepack

IMPORTANT! There is no cooling unit present in the case of gas-cooled systems. There is no need to attach the water connections in the case of gas-cooled systems.

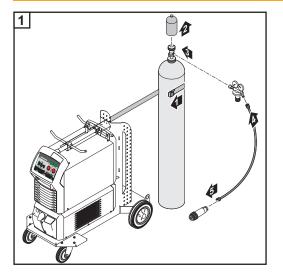


Connecting the gas cylinder

WARNING! If gas cylinders topple over, there is a risk of very serious injury and damage. When using gas cylinders:

- Place them on a solid, level surface in such a way that they remain stable
 - Secure the gas cylinders to prevent them from falling over
- Fit the VR holder option

Follow the gas cylinder manufacturer's safety rules.

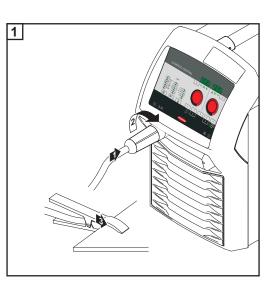


- Briefly open the gas cylinder valve to blow off any dust or dirt
- Check the seal on the pressure regulator

NOTE! US devices are supplied with an adapter for the gas hose:

- Seal male thread spacers on the gas solenoid valve using suitable means before screwing on the adapter.
 - Test the adapter to ensure that it is gas-tight.

Creating a grounding (earthing) connection, connecting the welding torch



Other activities

Carry out the following steps in accordance with the wire-feed unit operating instructions:

1 Insert the feed rollers in the wire-feed unit

- 2 Feed in the wire electrode
- 3 Set the contact pressure

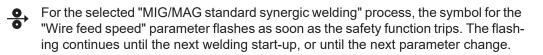
Welding

Power limitation

Safety function

"Power limitation" is a safety function for MIG/MAG welding. This means that the power source can be operated at the power limit whilst maintaining process safety.

Wire feed speed is a determining parameter for welding power. If it is too high, the arc gets smaller and smaller and may be extinguished. In order to prevent this, the welding power is lowered.



If the "Wire feed speed" parameter is selected, the reduced value for wire feed speed is displayed.

MIG/MAG modes

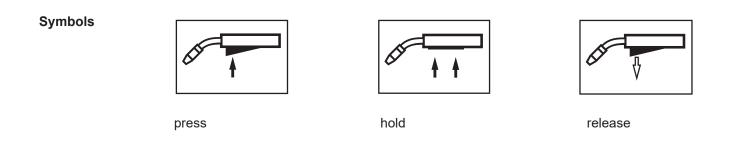
General remarks

WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents:

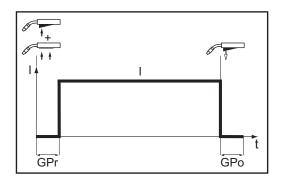
- these operating instructions
- all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules

For details of the meaning, settings, setting range and units of the available parameters (e.g. GPr), please refer to the section entitled "Setup parameters".

The illustrated welding torch symbols represent setting, maintaining and cancelling the robot signal for the start of welding.



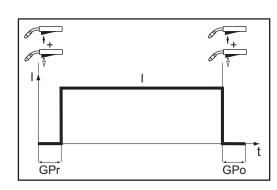




"2-step mode" is suitable for - Tacking work

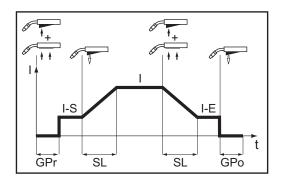
Short weld seams

4-step mode



"4-step mode" is suitable for longer weld seams.

Special 4-step mode



"Special 4-step mode" is ideal for welding in higher power ranges. In special 4-step mode, the arc starts at a low power, which makes it easier to stabilise.

MIG/MAG welding

Safety	• WADNINGLO parating the equipment incorrectly can eques estimut intury and
	 WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents: these operating instructions
	 all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safe- ty rules
	 WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. If the power source is connected to the mains electricity supply during installation, there is a high risk of very serious injury and damage. Before carrying out any work on the device make sure that: the power source mains switch is in the "O" position the power source is unplugged from the mains
General tasks be- fore MIG/MAG welding	Only where cooling units and a water-cooled welding torch are used: Connect the water hoses of the welding torch to the correct plug-type connectors on the wire-feed unit
	 Plug in the mains plug Move the mains switch to the "I" position: all the indicators on the control panel light up briefly where applicable, the cooling unit starts to run
	IMPORTANT! Follow the safety rules and note operating conditions in the cooling unit operating instructions.
Overview	 MIG/MAG welding is composed of the following sections: MIG/MAG standard synergic welding MIG/MAG standard manual welding Special functions and options

Special functions and options -

MIG/MAG standard synergic welding

General	The MIG/MAG standard synergic welding process is only available in combination with the Synergic control panel.
MIG/MAG stand- ard synergic welding	On the Synergic control panel: Press the "Material" button to select the filler metal used.
	Assignment of the SP position depends on the welding database used for the power source.
	2 Press the "Wire diameter" button to select the diameter of the wire electrode used.
	Assignment of the SP position depends on the welding database used for the power source.
	3 Press the "Shielding gas" button to select the shielding gas used.
	Assignment of the SP position depends on the welding database used for the power source.
	4 Press the "Process" button to select the desired welding process:
	▶ MIG/MAG standard synergic welding
	 Fress the "Mode" button to select the desired MIG/MAG mode: 2-step mode 4-step mode 5 Special 4-step mode
	IMPORTANT! Under certain circumstances, welding parameters that have been set on a control panel of a system component (TR 2000 and TR 3000 remote controls or robot interface) may not be changed on the control panel of the power source.
	6 If they were not set via a robot interface, press the "Parameter selection" buttons to select the desired welding parameters to be used to specify the welding power:
	www. Sheet thickness
	A Welding current
	 Wire feed speed Welding voltage
	[7] Use the appropriate adjusting dial to set the relevant welding parameters.
	The welding parameter values are shown in the digital display located above them.

All welding parameter set values remain stored until the next time they are changed. This applies even if the power source is switched off and on again in the meantime.

To display the actual welding current during welding:

- Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the welding current parameter
- The actual welding current is shown on the digital display during welding.

8 Open the gas cylinder valve

9 Set the shielding gas flow rate:

If there is a "Gas test" button:

- Press and release the "Gas test" button
- Turn the adjusting screw on the underside of the pressure regulator until the pressure gauge shows the required gas flow rate
- Press and release the "Gas test" button again

If there is no "Gas test" button:

- Press the "Mode" button to select 2-step mode
- Set the "Ito" parameter to "Off" in the Setup menu
- Disengage the feed rollers

	 CAUTION! Risk of injury and damage from electric shock and from the wire electrode emerging from the torch. If the welding start-up signal is set: keep the welding torch away from your face and body do not point the welding torch at people make sure that the wire electrode does not touch any conductive or earthed parts, such as the housing, etc.
	 use the robot to set the welding start-up or gas test signal turn the adjusting screw on the underside of the gas pressure regulator until the pressure gauge shows the required shielding gas flow rate cancel the welding start-up or gas test signal engage the feed rollers
	 CAUTION! Risk of injury and damage from electric shock and from the wire electrode emerging from the torch. If the welding start-up signal is set: keep the welding torch away from your face and body do not point the welding torch at people make sure that the wire electrode does not touch any conductive or earthed parts, such as the housing, etc.
	10 use the robot to set the welding start-up signal and initiate welding
Corrections dur- ing welding	To obtain the best possible welding results, the arc length correction and arc-force dynamic welding parameters will sometimes need to be corrected.
	1 If not already set via the robot interface (or not one of the signals provided by the robot interface), use the "Parameter selection" buttons to select the parameters you wish to correct.

2 Use the adjusting dials to set the selected welding parameters to the required values.

Welding parameter values are shown in the indicators located above them.

MIG/MAG standard manual welding

General	The MIG/MAG standard manual welding process is a MIG/MAG welding process with no synergic function. Changing one parameter does not result in any automatic adjustments to the other parameters. All of the variable parameters must therefore be adjusted individually, as dictated by the welding process in question.
Available parame- ters	The following parameters are available in MIG/MAG manual welding:
	 Wire feed speed 1 m/min (39.37 ipm) - maximum wire feed speed, e.g. 25 m/min (984.25 ipm)
	V Welding voltage TSt 3500: 15.5 - 31.5 V TSt 5000: 14.5 - 39 V
	Dynamic for influencing the short-circuiting dynamic at the moment of particle transfer
	Welding current Only for displaying the actual value
MIG/MAG stand- ard manual weld- ing	 Press the "Process" button to select the desired welding process: MIG/MAG standard manual welding Press the "Mode" button to select the desired MIG/MAG mode: 2-step mode 4-step mode In MIG/MAG standard manual welding, special 4-step mode corresponds to conventional 4-step mode.
	IMPORTANT! Under certain circumstances, welding parameters that have been set on a control panel of a system component (TR 2000 and TR 3000 remote controls or robot interface) may not be changed on the control panel of the power source.
	 3 Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the wire feed speed parameter 4 Use the adjusting dial to set the desired value for the wire feed speed 5 Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the welding voltage parameter 6 Use the adjusting dial to set the desired value for the welding voltage
	The welding parameter values are shown in the digital display located above them. All welding parameter set values that have been set using the adjusting dial remain stored until the next time they are changed. This applies even if the power source is switched off and on again in the meantime.
	 To display the actual welding current during welding: Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the welding current parameter The actual welding current is shown on the digital display during welding.

7 Open the gas cylinder valve

2

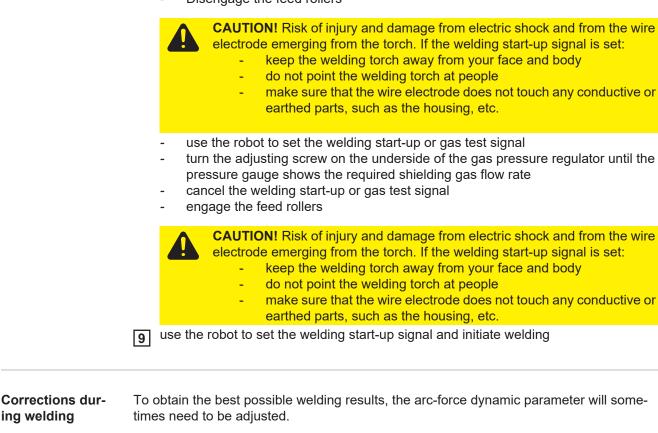
8 Set the shielding gas flow rate:

If there is a "Gas test" button:

- Press and release the "Gas test" button
- Turn the adjusting screw on the underside of the pressure regulator until the pressure gauge shows the required gas flow rate
- Press and release the "Gas test" button again

If there is no "Gas test" button:

- Press the "Mode" button to select 4-step mode
- Set the "Ito" parameter to "Off" in the Setup menu
- Disengage the feed rollers



1 Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the arc-force dynamic parameter

Use the adjusting dial to set the desired arc-force dynamic valu
--

The welding parameter value is shown in the digital display located above it.

MMA welding

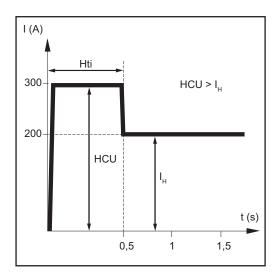
Safety	 WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents: these operating instructions all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules
	 WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. If the machine is plugged into the mains electricity supply during installation, there is a high risk of very serious injury and damage. Do not carry out any work on the device unless the mains switch is in the "O" position, the device is unplugged from the mains.
Preparations	 Move the mains switch to the - O - position Unplug the device from the mains Detach all cables to the wire-feed unit at the power source
	IMPORTANT! Check the rod electrode packaging to determine whether the rod electrodes are for (+) or (-) welding.
	Plug the grounding (earthing) cable into either the (-) or the (+) current socket, depending on the type of electrode, and latch it in firmly
	5 With the other end of the earthing (grounding) cable, establish a connection to the workpiece
	 Plug the bayonet current plug of the electrode holder cable into the free current socket with the opposite polarity, according to the type of electrode, and twist it clockwise to latch it in place
	7 Plug in the mains plug
MMA welding	CAUTION! Risk of injury and damage from electric shock. As soon as the mains switch is in the "I" position, the rod electrode in the electrode holder is LIVE. Make sure that the rod electrode does not touch any persons or electrically conducting or earthed parts (e.g. the housing etc.)
	Move the mains switch to the "I" position: all the indicators on the control panel light up briefly
	Press the "Process" button to select the MMA welding process:
	The welding voltage is connected to the welding socket with a 3-second time lag.
	If the MMA welding process is selected, any cooling unit present is automatically de- activated. It is not possible to switch it on.
	IMPORTANT! Under certain circumstances, welding parameters that have been set on a control panel of a system component (TR 2000 and TR 3000) may not be changed on the control panel of the power source.
	3 Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the amperage parameter.
	4 Use the adjusting dial to set the desired amperage.

	The amperage value is shown in the left-hand digital display.
	All welding parameter set values that have been set using the adjusting dial remain stored until the next time they are changed. This applies even if the power source is switched on and off again in the meantime.
	5 Start welding
	 To display the actual welding current during welding: Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the welding current parameter The actual welding current is shown in the digital display during welding.
Corrections dur- ing welding	To obtain the best possible welding results, the arc-force dynamic parameter will some- times need to be adjusted. 1 Press the "Parameter selection" button to select the arc-force dynamic parameter
	2 Use the adjusting dial to set the desired arc-force dynamic value The welding parameter value is shown in the digital display located above it.
HotStart function	To obtain optimum welding results, it will sometimes be necessary to adjust the HotStart function.

Advantages

- Improved ignition, even when using electrodes with poor ignition properties
- Better fusion of the base material during the start-up phase, meaning fewer cold-shut defects
- Largely prevents slag inclusions

For details on setting the available welding parameters, please refer to "Setup parameters", "Setup menu - level 2".



Legend

Hti: Hot-current time, 0 - 2 s, factory setting: 0.5 s HCU: HotStart-current, 100 - 200 %, factory setting 150 % I_H: Main current = set welding current

Function

During the specified hot-current time (Hti), the welding current is increased to a certain value. This value (HCU) is higher than the selected welding current (I_H) .

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Anti-stick function

As the arc becomes shorter, the welding voltage may drop so far that the rod electrode will tend to "stick". This may also cause "burn-out" of the rod electrode.

Electrode burn-out is prevented by activating the anti-stick function. If the rod electrode begins to stick, the power source immediately switches the welding current off. After the rod electrode has been detached from the workpiece, the welding operation can be continued without difficulty.

The anti-stick (Ast) function can be activated and deactivated in the Setup parameters in "Setup menu: level 2".

Saving and retrieving operating points

General	The "Save" buttons allow up to 5 operating points to be saved. Every operating point matches the settings on the control panel. IMPORTANT! Setup parameters are not saved at this time.
Saving operating points	 Press and hold one of the "Save" buttons to save the current settings on the control panel, e.g.: The left indicator displays "Pro" After a short time, the left indicator switches to the original value Release the "Save" button
Retrieving operat- ing points	 To retrieve saved settings, press the corresponding "Save" button briefly, e.g.: The control panel will show the saved settings
Deleting operat- ing points	 Press and hold the relevant "Save" button to delete the memory content of that "Save" button, e.g.: The left indicator displays "Pro" After a short time, the left indicator switches to the original value Keep the "Save" button held down The left display shows "CLr". After a while, both displays show "" Release the "Save" button
Retrieving operat- ing points on the Up/Down welding torch	One of the "Save" buttons on the control panel must be pressed to retrieve the saved set- tings using the Up/Down welding torch. Press one of the "Save" buttons on the control panel, e.g.: Press one of the "Save" buttons on the saved settings The control panel will show the saved settings The "Save" buttons can now be selected using the buttons on the Up/Down welding torch. Vacant "Save" buttons are skipped.

In addition to the "Save" button number lighting up, a number is displayed directly on the Up/Down welding torch:

₩00	Number 1
	Number 2
○業0	Number 3
0	Number 4
00*	Number 5

Setup settings

Setup menu

General remarks	The Setup menu provides simple access to expert knowledge in the power source and to
	additional functions. The Setup menu can be used to make simple adjustments of the pa-
	rameters to suit the various job settings.

Entering/exiting Setting the setup parameters is described here with reference to the "MIG/MAG standard the Setup menu synergic welding" process. The procedure for changing other setup parameters is identical.

Accessing the Setup menu



Use the "Process" button to select the "MIG/MAG standard syn-1 ergic welding" process

<		2 Press and hold the "Mode" button
	>	3 Press the "Process" button
<	>	4 Release the "Mode" and "Process" buttons

The control panel is now in the Setup menu for the "MIG/MAG standard synergic welding" process - the last setup parameter that was selected is displayed.

Changing welding parameters



Use the "Mode" and "Process" buttons or the left-hand adjusting 5 dial to select the required setup parameter





Use the "Parameter selection" buttons or the right-hand adjusting 6 dial to change the value of the setup parameter



Exiting the Setup menu



<

- Press and hold the "Mode" button 7
- 8
- Press the "Process" button



Release the "Mode" and "Process" buttons

"Min." and "max." are used for setting ranges that differ according to power source, wire-Setup parameters for MIG/MAG feed unit, welding program, etc. standard manual GPr Gas pre-flow time welding Unit: s Setting range: 0 - 9.9 Factory setting: 0.1 GPo Gas post-flow time Unit: s Setting range: 0 - 9.9 Factory setting: 0.1 Fdi Feeder inching (speed) Unit: m/min (ipm.) Setting range: 1 - max. (39.37 - max.) Factory setting: 10 (393.7) bbc burn-back time correction Unit: ms Setting range: 0 - 20 Factory setting: 0 IGC Ignition current Unit: A Setting range: 100 - 650 Factory setting: 500 lto Ignition time-out function - Length of wire that is fed before the safety cut-out is triggered Unit: mm (in.) Setting range: Off, 5 - 100 (Off, 0.2 - 3.94) Factory setting: Off **NOTE!** The "Ignition time-out" function (ito) is a safety function. The length of wire that is fed before the safety cut-out trips may differ from the preset wire length, particularly when the wire is being fed at fast wire feed speeds. The "Ignition time-out" function (ito) is explained in the "Special functions and options" section. FAC Factory - Reset power source to factory setting Press and hold down the "Dynamic" (manual control panel) or "Parameter selection" (Synergic A control panel) button for 2 seconds to restore the factory settings. When "PrG" is shown on the digital display, the power source has been reset. IMPORTANT! When the power source is reset, all the personal settings in the Setup menu are lost. Operating points that were saved using the "Save" buttons are retained when the power source is reset. The functions in the second level of the Setup menu (2nd) are also not deleted. Exception: Ignition time-out function parameter (ito). 2nd Second level of the Setup menu (see "Setup menu - level 2")

Setup parameters for MIG/MAG standard syner- gic welding	"Min." and "max." are used for setting ranges that differ according to power source, wire- feed unit, welding program, etc.			
	GPr	Gas pre-flow time Unit: s Setting range: 0 - 9.9 Factory setting: 0.1		
	GPo	Gas post-flow time Unit: s Setting range: 0 - 9.9 Factory setting: 0.1		
	SL	Slope Unit: s Setting range: 0 - 9.9 Factory setting: 0.1		
	I-S	I (current) - Starting current Unit: % (of welding current) Setting range: 0 - 200 Factory setting: 100		
	I-E	I (current) - End: Final current Unit: % (of welding current) Setting range: 0 - 200 Factory setting: 50		
	Fdi	Feeder inching (speed) Unit: m/min (ipm.) Setting range: 1 - max. (39.37 - max.) Factory setting: 10 (393.7)		
	bbc	burn back time correction - Burn back effect due to wire withdrawal at the end of welding Unit: s Setting range: Aut, 0 - 0.3 Factory setting: Aut		
	lto	Ignition time-out function - Length of wire that is fed before the safety cut-out is triggered Unit: mm (in.) Setting range: Off, 5 - 100 (Off, 0.2 - 3.94) Factory setting: Off		
		 NOTE! The "Ignition time-out" function (ito) is a safety function. The length of wire that is fed before the safety cut-out trips may differ from the preset wire length, particularly when the wire is being fed at fast wire feed speeds. The "Ignition time-out" function (ito) is explained in the "Special functions and options" section. 		
	FAC	Factory - Reset power source to factory setting Press and hold down the "Dynamic" (manual control panel) or "Parameter selec- tion" (Synergic A control panel) button for 2 seconds to restore the factory settings. When "PrG" is shown on the digital display, the power source has been reset.		

IMPORTANT! When the power source is reset, all the personal settings in the Setup menu are lost. When the power source is reset, operating points that were saved using the "Save" buttons are not deleted, but are retained in the memory. The functions in the second level of the Setup menu (2nd) are also not deleted. Exception: Ignition time-out function parameter (ito).

2nd Second level of the Setup menu (see "Setup menu - level 2")

Setup parameters for MMA welding	IMPORTANT! If you reset the power source using the FAC factory setup parameter, the hot-current time (Hti) and HotStart current (HCU) setup parameters are also reset.			
	HCU	HotStart current		
	nee	Unit: %		
		Setting range: 100 - 200		
		Factory setting: 150		
	Hti	Hot-current time		
		Unit: s		
		Setting range: 0 - 2.0		
		Factory setting: 0.5		
	Ast	Anti-Stick		
		Unit: -		
		Setting range: On, Off		
		Factory setting: Off		
	FAC	Factory - Reset power source to factory setting		
		Press and hold down the "Dynamic" (manual control panel) or "Parameter selec- tion" (Synergic A control panel) button for 2 seconds to restore the factory settings. When "PrG" is shown on the digital display, the power source has been reset.		
		IMPORTANT! When the power source is reset, all personal settings are lost.		
		When the power source is reset, operating points that were saved using the "Save" buttons are not deleted, but are retained in the memory. The functions in the second level of the Setup menu (2nd) are also not deleted. Exception: Ignition time-out function parameter (ito).		
	2nd	Second level of the Setup menu (see "Setup menu - level 2")		
Welding parame-	I-S	I (current) - Starting: Starting current		
ters for "Special		Unit: % (of welding current)		
4-step mode" in the Mode setup menu		Setting range: 0 - 200		
		Factory setting: 100		
	SL	Slope: 0 - 9.9 s		
		Unit: s		
		Setting range: 0 - 9.9		
		Factory setting: 0		
	I-E	I (current) - End: Final current		
		Unit: % of welding current		
		Setting range: 0 - 200		
		Factory setting: 50		

Setup menu - Level 2

Level 2 setup menu

Accessing the setup menu



Press and hold the "Mode" button 1

Press the "Process" button 2



3 Release the "Mode" and "Process" buttons

The control panel is now in the setup menu - the last setup parameter that was selected is displayed.

Selecting the "2nd" parameter



Use the "Mode" and "Process" buttons or the left-hand adjusting 4 dial to select the "2nd" setup parameter



Accessing the Level 2 setup menu

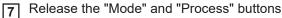


Press and hold the "Mode" button 5



Press the "Process" button





Changing parameters



Use the "Mode" and "Process" buttons or the left-hand adjusting 8 dial to select the required setup parameter





Change the value of the setup parameter using the "Parameter selection" buttons or the right-hand adjusting dial



Exiting the Level 2 setup menu



10 Press and hold the "Mode" button



- 11 Press the "Process" button
- [12] Release the "Mode" and "Process" buttons

Exiting the setup menu

	<	 Press and hold the "Mode" button Press the "Process" button Release the "Mode" and "Process" buttons
	<	
Welding parame- ters for MIG/MAG welding in the Setup menu level 2	C-C	Cooling unit control Unit: - Setting range: Aut, On, Off Factory setting: Aut Aut: The cooling unit cuts out after a 2-minute welding off-time. IMPORTANT! If the coolant temperature and flow monitoring options have been installed in the cooling unit, the cooling unit cuts out as soon as the return-flow temperature drops below 50°C, but at the earliest after a 2-minute welding off- time. On: The cooling unit is permanently ON Off: The cooling unit is permanently ON
		Off: The cooling unit is permanently OFF IMPORTANT! If the FAC welding parameter is used, the C-C parameter is not restored to the factory setting. If the MMA welding process is selected, the cool- ing unit is always switched off, even if the switch is in the "On" position.
	C-t	Cooling time - time from when flow monitoring is triggered until the "no H2O" service code is output. For example, if there are air bubbles in the cooling sys- tem, the cooling unit will not cut out until the end of this pre-set time. Unit: s Setting range: 5 - 25 Factory setting: 10
		IMPORTANT! Every time the power source is switched on, the cooling unit carries out a test run for 180 seconds.
	SEt	Setting - country-specific setting (Standard/USA) Std / US Unit: - Setting range: Std, US (Standard/USA) Factory setting: Standard version: Std (measurements: cm/mm) USA version: US (measurements: inches)
	r	r (resistance) - welding circuit resistance (in mOhm) see "Measuring welding circuit resistance r"
	L	L (inductivity) - welding circuit inductivity (in microhenry) see "Displaying welding circuit inductivity L"

EnE	Real Energy Input – electrical energy of the arc relative to the welding speed
-----	--

Unit: kJ Setting range: ON / OFF Factory setting: OFF

Since the full range of values (1 kJ - 99999 kJ) cannot be displayed on the three-
digit display, the following display format has been selected:

Value in kJ / indication on display: 1 to 999 / 1 to 999 1000 to 9999 / 1.00 to 9.99 (without "ones" digit, e.g. 5270 kJ -> 5.27) 10000 to 99999 / 10.0 to 99.9 (without "ones" and "tens" digits, e.g. 23580 kJ -> 23.6)

PFS Permanent Feeder Speed - wire feed speed is permanently displayed

Unit: mm (in.) Setting range: ON / OFF Factory setting: OFF

If the setting is "ON", the wire feed speed (m/min) is permanently displayed on the manual control panel instead of the welding current (A). In this case the hold value for the welding current (A) is deactivated.

ALC Arc Length Correction - correction of the arc length via the welding voltage

Setting range: ON / OFF Factory setting: OFF

The arc length depends on the welding voltage. The ALC parameter is set to "ON" by default: the welding voltage can be adjusted to suit individual needs in Synergic operation.

If the ALC parameter is set to "OFF", the welding voltage cannot be adjusted. The welding voltage is automatically determined by the selected welding current or wire speed. If the arc length correction is adjusted, the voltage changes, but the welding current and wire speed remain the same. When setting the arc length correction using the adjusting dial, the left display is used for the correction value of the arc length. The welding voltage value on the right display changes simultaneously. Afterwards the left display shows the original value, e.g. welding current.

Parameters for manual metal arc (MMA) welding in	r (resistance) - welding circuit resistance (in mOhm) see "Measuring welding circuit resistance r"
the Setup menu level 2	L (inductivity) - welding circuit inductivity (in microhenry) see "Displaying welding circuit inductivity L"

Measuring welding circuit resistance r

Measuring the welding circuit resistance "r" makes it possible to have a constant welding result at all times, even with hosepacks of different lengths. The welding voltage at the arc is then always precisely regulated, regardless of the length and cross-sectional area of the hosepack. Adjustment using the arc length correction parameter is no longer necessary.

The calculated welding circuit resistance is shown on the display.

r ... welding circuit resistance in mOhm

If the welding circuit resistance r has been measured correctly, the welding voltage will correspond exactly to the welding voltage at the arc. If you manually measure the voltage on the output jacks of the power source, this voltage will be higher than the welding voltage at the arc - that is, higher by the same amount as the voltage drop of the hosepack.



- **NOTE!** The welding circuit resistance r depends on the hosepack used:
 - if the length or cross-sectional area of the hosepack has changed, measure the welding circuit resistance r again
 - measure the welding circuit resistance for every welding process separately with the appropriate welding leads
- Measure the welding circuit resistance r

General

NOTE! In order to obtain good welding results, it is essential to measure the welding circuit resistance correctly. Make sure that the contact between the earthing clamp and the workpiece is on a cleaned workpiece surface.

- Make a ground earth connection to the workpiece
- 2 Open the Setup menu level 2 (2nd)
- 3 Select parameter "r"
- Remove the gas nozzle from the welding torch
- Screw on the contact tip



NOTE! Make sure that the contact between the contact tip and the workpiece is on a cleaned workpiece surface.

- 6 Place the contact tip down firmly on the surface of the workpiece
 - Briefly press the torch trigger or the "Wire threading" button

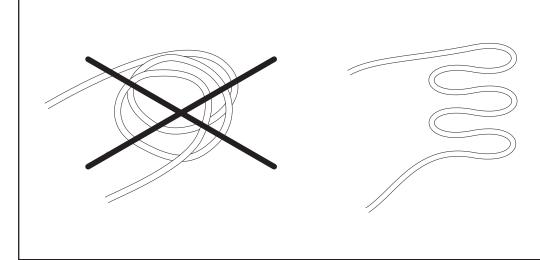
The welding circuit resistance is calculated. "run" is shown on the display during the measurement.

The measurement is finished when the welding circuit resistance is shown on the display in mOhm (e.g. 11.4).

8 Fit the gas nozzle back onto the welding torch

Displaying welding circuit inductivity L

General	Laying of the hosepacks has a significant effect on welding circuit inductivity and therefore affects the welding process. It is important to lay the hosepacks correctly in order to obtain the best possible welding result.
Displaying weld- ing circuit induc- tivity L	 The setup parameter "L" is used to display the most recently calculated welding circuit inductivity. The welding circuit inductivity is calibrated at the same time as the welding circuit resistance r is calculated. Detailed information can be found in the "Measuring welding circuit resistance r" section. 1 Access the setup menu level 2 (2nd) 2 Select parameter "L" The most recently calculated welding circuit inductivity L is shown on the right-hand digital display. L Welding circuit inductivity (in microhenry)
Laying the hose- packs correctly	



Troubleshooting and maintenance

Troubleshooting

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General	r sources are equipped with an intelligent safety system. This means that it has ible to dispense with melting-type fuses entirely. Melting-type fuses therefore no ed to be replaced. After a possible malfunction has been remedied, the power ready for use again.			
Safety		VARNING! Work that is carried out incorrectly can cause serious injury and dam- ge. The following activities must only be carried out by trained and qualified per- onnel. Observe the safety rules in the power source operating instructions.		
Power source - troubleshooting	 Make a note of the serial number and configuration of the device and contact our After-Sales Service team with a detailed description of the error, if errors occur that are not listed below the troubleshooting measures listed are unsuccessful 			
	Over-temperature LED lights up			
	Cause:	Over-temperature in control circuit		
	Remedy:	Leave power source to cool		
	Power source has no function			
	Mains switch is on, but indicators are not lit up			
	Cause:	There is a break in the mains lead; the mains plug is not plugged in		
	Remedy:	Check the mains lead, ensure that the mains plug is plugged in		
	Cause:	Mains socket or mains plug faulty		
	Remedy:	Replace faulty parts		
	Cause:	Mains fuse protection		
	Remedy:	Change the mains fuse protection		

No welding current

Mains switch is on, one of the overtemperature service codes "to" is displayed. Detailed information on the service codes "to0" to "to6" can be found in the section "Displayed service codes".

Cause:	Overload
Remedy:	Take the duty cycle into account
Cause:	Thermostatic safety cut-out has tripped
Remedy:	Wait until the power source automatically comes back on after the end of the cooling phase
Cause:	Limited supply of cooling air
Remedy:	Remove air filter on the rear of the housing from the side and clean. Ensure that the cooling air ducts are accessible.
Cause:	The fan in the power source is faulty

No welding current

Mains switch is ON and indicators are lit up

Cause: Remedy:	Grounding (earthing) connection is incorrect Check the grounding (earthing) connection for correct polarity
Cause:	There is a break in the power cable in the welding torch
Pomody:	Poplace the welding terch

Remedy: Replace the welding torch

Nothing happens when the torch trigger is pressed

Mains switch is on, power source ON indication is lit up, indications on wire-feed unit not lit up

Cause:	The interconnecting hosepack is faulty or not connected properly
Remedy:	Check interconnecting hosepack

No protective gas shield

All other functions are OK

Cause:	Gas cylinder is empty
Remedy:	Change the gas cylinder
Cause:	The gas pressure regulator is faulty
Remedy:	Replace the gas pressure regulator
Cause:	Gas hose is not fitted or is damaged
Remedy:	Fit or change the gas hose
Cause:	Welding torch is faulty
Remedy:	Change the welding torch
Cause:	Gas solenoid valve is faulty
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service

Poor weld properties

Poor weid	properties
Cause:	Incorrect welding parameters
Remedy:	Check the settings
Cause:	Poor ground earth connection
Remedy:	Ensure good contact to workpiece
Cause:	Inadequate or no protective gas shield
Remedy:	Check the pressure regulator, gas hose, gas solenoid valve, torch gas con nection, etc.
Cause:	Welding torch is leaking
Remedy:	Change the welding torch
Cause:	Wrong contact tip, or contact tip is worn out
Remedy:	Replace the contact tip
Cause:	Wrong wire alloy or wrong wire diameter
Remedy:	Check the wire electrode that has been inserted
Cause:	Wrong wire alloy or wrong wire diameter
Remedy:	Check weldability of the base material
Cause:	The shielding gas is not suitable for this wire alloy
Remedy:	Use the correct shielding gas
The weldir	ng torch becomes very hot
Cause:	The design dimensions of the welding torch are not sufficient for this task
Remedy:	Observe the duty cycle and loading limits
Cause:	Inadequate coolant flow
Remedy:	Check coolant level, flow rate, contamination, etc., Coolant pump blocked: Tighten the coolant pump shaft

Displayed service	If an error message that is not described here appears on the displays, proceed as follows
codes	to resolve the problem:

Turn the power source mains switch to the "O" position
 Wait 10 seconds
 Move the mains switch to the I position

2	Wait	10	seconds
---	------	----	---------

If the error occurs again despite several attempts to eliminate it, or if the troubleshooting measures listed here are unsuccessful.

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Make a note of the error message displayed



Note down the configuration of the power source
Contact our After-Sales Service team with a detailed description of the error

ESr 20 Cause: Remedy:	The selected cooling unit is not compatible with the power source Connect compatible cooling unit
 Cause:	An invalid welding process was called up on the robot interface (no. 37) or a empty flag was selected (no. 32)
Remedy:	Call up a valid welding process or select assigned "Save" button
ELn 8	
Cause:	The connected wire-feed unit is not supported
Remedy:	Connect supported wire-feed unit
ELn 12 Cause: Remedy:	Different control panels for selecting materials are in the system Connect similar control panels to select materials
ELn 13 Cause: Remedy:	Illegal change of welding process during welding During welding do not carry out any illegal change of the welding process, i set error message by pressing any button
ELn 14	
Cause:	More than only one robot interface is connected
Remedy:	Only one robot interface may be connected, check the system configuration
ELn 15	
Cause: Remedy:	More than only one remote control unit is connected Only one remote control unit may be connected, check the system configu tion
Err IP	
Cause: Remedy:	The control unit of the power source has detected a primary overvoltage Check mains voltage, if the service code still remains, switch off the power source, wait for 10 seconds and then switch the power source on again, if the error keeps recurring, contact After-Sales Service
Err PE	
Cause:	The earth current watchdog has triggered the safety cut-out of the power source.
Remedy:	Switch off the power source Place the power source on an insulating surface Connect the grounding (earthing) cable to a section of the workpiece that closer to the arc Wait for 10 seconds and then switch the power source on again
	If you have tried this several times and the error keeps recurring, contact <i>A</i> ter-Sales Service
Err Ur	
Cause:	If the VRD option is available, the open circuit voltage limit of 35 V has been exceeded.
Remedy:	Switch off power source Wait for 10 seconds and then switch the power source on again

no UrL	
Cause:	The VRD option has tripped too early.
Remedy:	Check whether all welding power-leads and control lines are connected.
	Switch off the power source Wait 10 seconds and switch the power source back on again
	If the error occurs again - contact After Sales Service.
E-Stop	
Cause:	"External stop" has tripped
Remedy:	Remedy the event that triggered the external stop
-St oP-	
Cause:	At the robot interface the flag was not deleted by the robot
Remedy:	Delete the signal robot ready at the robot interface
PHA SE	
Cause:	Phase failure
Remedy:	Check the mains fuse, the mains lead and the mains plug
PHA SE1	
Cause:	The power source is operated in single-phase mode.
Remedy:	-
PHA SE3	
Cause:	The power source is operated in 3-phase mode
Remedy:	-
Err 51	
Cause:	Mains undervoltage: The mains voltage has fallen below the tolerance range
Remedy:	Check the mains voltage, if the error keeps recurring, contact the After-Sales Service
Err 52	
Cause:	Mains overvoltage: The mains voltage has risen above the tolerance range
Remedy:	Check the mains voltage, if the error keeps recurring, contact the After-Sales Service
EFd 5	
Cause:	Incorrect wire-feed unit connected
Remedy:	Connect correct wire-feed unit
EFd 8	
Cause:	Overtemperature on the wire-feed unit
Remedy:	Allow wire-feed unit to cool down
EFd 81, E	Fd 83
Cause:	Fault in the wire feed system (overcurrent in wire-feed unit drive)
Remedy:	Arrange the hosepack in as straight a line as possible; check that there are no kinks or dirt in the inner liner; check the contact pressure on the 4 roller drive
Cause:	Wire-feed unit motor is sticking or defective
	Check the wire-feed unit motor or contact After-Sales Service

to0 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

1000170000	
Cause:	Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down, check air filter and clean if necessary, check that fan is on
to1 xxx	
Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature on the booster located in the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down, check air filter and clean if necessary, check that fan is on
to2 xxx	
Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in the secondary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down, check that fan is on
to3 xxx	
Remark: xx	xx stands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in the wire-feed unit motor
Remedy:	Allow wire-feed unit to cool down
to4 xxx	
Remark: xx	xx stands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in welding torch
Remedy:	Allow welding torch to cool down
to5 xxx	
Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in cooling unit
Remedy:	Allow cooling unit to cool down, check that fan is on
to6 xxx	
Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature at the transformer of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down, check air filter and clean if necessary, check that fan is on
to7 xxx	
Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down, check air filter and clean if necessary, check that fan is on

tu0 | xxx

Remark: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause: Remedy:	Undertemperature in the power source primary circuit Place power source in a heated room and allow to warm up
tu1 xxx Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause: Remedy:	Undertemperature on the booster located in the power source Place power source in a heated room and allow it to warm up
tu2 xxx	
Remark: XX	x stands for a temperature value
Cause: Remedy:	Undertemperature in the power source secondary circuit Place power source in a heated room and allow to warm up
tu3 xxx	
Remark: xx	xx stands for a temperature value
Cause:	Undertemperature in the wire-feed unit motor
Remedy:	Place wire-feed unit in a heated room and allow to warm up
tu4 xxx Remark: xx	x stands for a temperature value
Cause:	Undertemperature in the welding torch
Remedy:	Place welding torch in a heated room and allow to warm up
tu5 xxx Remark: xx	xx stands for a temperature value
Cause:	Undertemperature in the cooling unit
Remedy:	Place cooling unit in a heated room and allow to warm up
tu6 xxx Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Undertemperature on the transformer of the power source
Remedy:	Place power source in a heated room and allow it to warm up
tu7 xxx	
Note: xxx s	tands for a temperature value
Cause:	Undertemperature in the power source
Remedy:	Place power source in a heated room and allow it to warm up
no H2O	
Cause:	Coolant flow rate too low
Remedy:	Check coolant flow rate and cooling unit, including cooling circuit (for mini- mum coolant flow, see "Technical Data" section in the device operating in- structions)

hot H2O Cause: Remedy:	The coolant temperature is too high Allow cooling unit and cooling circuit to cool down, until "hot H2O" is no longer displayed. Open the cooling unit and clean the cooler, check fan is working properly. Robot interface or field bus coupler: before resuming weld- ing, set the "Source error reset" signal.
no Prg	
Cause:	No preconfigured program has been selected
Remedy:	Select a configured program
no IGn	
Cause:	"Ignition time out" function is active; no current started flowing before the length of wire specified in the set-up menu had been fed. The power source safety cut-out has tripped.
Remedy:	Shorten the wire end; press the torch trigger again; clean the surface of the workpiece; if necessary, increase the wire length until the safety cut-out trips in "Set-up menu: Level 2".
EPG 17	
EPG 1/	
Cause:	The welding program selected is invalid
	The welding program selected is invalid Select valid welding program
Cause:	
Cause: Remedy:	
Cause: Remedy: EPG 29	Select valid welding program
Cause: Remedy: EPG 29 Cause:	Select valid welding program The required wire-feed unit is not available for the selected characteristic
Cause: Remedy: EPG 29 Cause: Remedy:	Select valid welding program The required wire-feed unit is not available for the selected characteristic
Cause: Remedy: EPG 29 Cause: Remedy: EPG 35	Select valid welding program The required wire-feed unit is not available for the selected characteristic Connect correct wire-feed unit, check plug connections for the hosepack
Cause: Remedy: EPG 29 Cause: Remedy: EPG 35 Cause:	Select valid welding program The required wire-feed unit is not available for the selected characteristic Connect correct wire-feed unit, check plug connections for the hosepack Measurement of the welding circuit resistance "r" failed Check grounding cable, current cable or hosepack and replace if necessary,
Cause: Remedy: EPG 29 Cause: Remedy: EPG 35 Cause: Remedy:	Select valid welding program The required wire-feed unit is not available for the selected characteristic Connect correct wire-feed unit, check plug connections for the hosepack Measurement of the welding circuit resistance "r" failed Check grounding cable, current cable or hosepack and replace if necessary,

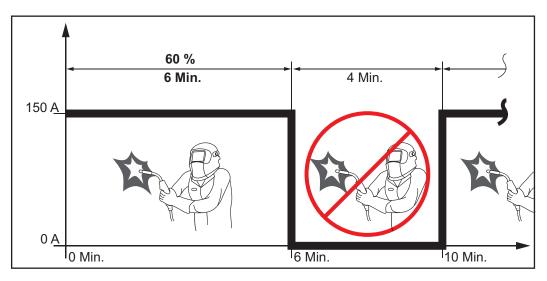
Care, maintenance and disposal

General	Under normal operating conditions, the welding system requires only a minimum of care and maintenance. However, it is vital to observe some important points to ensure the weld- ing system remains in a usable condition for many years.						
Safety	 WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Before opening the device Turn the mains switch to the "O" position Unplug the machine from the mains Prevent it from being switched on again Using a suitable measuring instrument, check to make sure that electrically charged components (e.g. capacitors) have discharged 						
	WARNING! Work that is carried out incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. The following activities must only be carried out by trained and qualified personnel. All instructions in the section headed "Safety rules" must be observed.						
At every start-up	 Check mains plug, mains cable, welding torch, interconnecting hosepack and grounding (earthing) connection for damage Check that there is a gap of 0.5 m (1 ft. 8 in.) all around the device to ensure that cooling air can flow and escape unhindered NOTE! Air inlets and outlets must never be covered, not even partially. 						
Every 2 months	CAUTION! Risk of damage. The air filter must only be fitted when dry. If required, clean air filter using dry compressed air or by washing it.						
Every 6 months	- Dismantle device side panels and clean inside of device with dry reduced compressed air						
	 NOTE! Risk of damage to electronic components. Do not bring air nozzle too close to electronic components. If a lot of dust has accumulated, clean the cooling air ducts. 						
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with the applicable national and local regulations.						

Technical data

Special voltages	For devices designed for special voltages, the technical data on the rating plate applies.
	For all machines with a permitted mains voltage of up to 460 V: The standard mains plug allows the user to operate with a mains voltage of up to 400 V. For mains voltages up to 460 V fit a mains plug permitted for such use or install the mains supply directly.
Explanation of the term "duty cy- cle"	Duty cycle (D.C.) is the proportion of time in a 10-minute cycle at which the device may be operated at its rated output without overheating.
	NOTE! The D.C. values specified on the rating plate are based on an ambient temperature of 40°C. If the ambient temperature is higher, either the D.C. or output must be reduced accordingly.
	 Example: Welding at 150 A at 60% D.C. Welding phase = 60% of 10 minutes = 6 minutes Cooling phase = remaining time = 4 minutes

After the cooling phase, the cycle begins anew.



If the device is to be continuously operated without stopping:

look in the technical data for a D.C. value of 100% for the reigning ambient temperature.

2 Reduce the output or amperage in line with this value so that the device can remain in use without observing a cooling phase.

TSt 3500 Rob

Mains voltage (U ₁)	3 x	380 V	400 V	460 V			
Max. effective primary current (I _{1eff})		15.0 A	14.4 A	12.6 A			
Max. primary current (I _{1max})		23.6 A	22.7 A	19.8 A			
Mains fuse			35 A sl	ow-blow			
Mains voltage tolerance			-10	/ +15 %			
Grid frequency			5	60/60 Hz			
Cos phi (1)				0.99			
Max. permitted mains impedance Z _{max} at PCC ¹⁾			77	7 mOhm			
Recommended earth-leakage circuit breaker				Туре В			
Welding current range (I ₂)							
MIG/MAG			10	- 350 A			
Rod electrode			10	- 350 A			
Welding current at 10 min / 40 °C (104 °F)		40 %	60 %	100 %			
		350 A	300 A	250 A			
Output voltage range according to standard characteris (U_2)	stic						
MIG/MAG			14.5	- 31.5 V			
Rod electrode			20.4	- 35.0 V			
Open circuit voltage (U ₀ peak / U ₀ r.m.s)				60 V			
Apparent power at 400 V AC / 350 A / 40 % E	D ²⁾		15,6	673 kVA			
Degree of protection				IP 23			
Type of cooling				AF			
Insulation class				В			
Overvoltage category				111			
Pollution level according to IEC60664				3			
Safety symbols			S, C	E, CSA			
Dimensions I x w x h			747 x 300 x 497 mm 29.4 x 11.8 x 19.6 in.				
Weight				29 kg 63.5 lb.			
Efficiency at 250 A and 26.5 V				89 %			
			7				
Max. noise emission (L _{WA})			1.	2 dB (A)			

1) Interface to a 230/400 V, 50 Hz public grid

TSt 5000 Rob

Mains voltage (U ₁)	3 x	380 V	400 V	460 V		
Max. effective primary current (I _{1eff})		27 A	25.9 A	23.2 A		
Max. primary current (I _{1max})		42.7 A	41.0 A	36.7 A		
Mains fuse			35 A sl	ow-blow		
Mains voltage tolerance			-10	/ +15 %		
Grid frequency			5	50/60 Hz		
Cos phi (1)				0.99		
Max. permitted mains impedance Z _{max} at PCC ¹⁾			1	1 mOhm		
Recommended earth-leakage circuit breaker				Туре В		
Welding current range (I ₂)						
MIG/MAG			10	- 500 A		
Rod electrode			10	- 500 A		
Welding current at 10 min / 40 °C (104 °F)		40 %	60 %	100 %		
		500 A	420 A	360 A		
Output voltage range according to standard characteri	stic (U	2)				
MIG/MAG			14.	.3 - 39 V		
Rod electrode			20.	2 - 40 V		
Open circuit voltage (U ₀ peak / U ₀ r.m.s)				65 V		
Apparent power at 400 V AC / 500 A / 40 % E	D ²⁾		28,3	361 kVA		
Degree of protection				IP 23		
Type of cooling				AF		
Insulation class				В		
Overvoltage category						
Pollution level according to IEC60664				3		
Safety symbols			S, 0	CE, CSA		
Dimensions I x w x h 747 x 300 29.4 x 11.						
Weight		32.3 kg 71.2 lb				
Efficiency at 360 A and 32 V				91 %		
Max. noise emission (L _{WA})			7	4 dB (A)		

1) Interface to a 230/400 V, 50 Hz public grid

TSt 3500 MV Rob

Mains voltage (U ₁)		3 x	200 V	230 V
Max. effective primary	current (I10ff)		24.1 A	20.8 A
Max. primary current (38.1 A	32.9 A
Mains fuse				ow-blow
Mains voltage (U ₁)		3 x	400 V	460 V
Max. effective primary	v current (I _{1eff})		11.9 A	10.6 A
Max. primary current ((I _{1max})		18.7 A	16.7 A
Mains fuse			35 A sl	ow-blow
Mains voltage tolerand	Ce		-10	/ +15 %
Grid frequency				60/60 Hz
Cos phi (1)				0.99
,	impedance Z _{max} at PCC ¹⁾		122	2 mOhm
	leakage circuit breaker		121	Туре В
				.) po D
Welding current range	e (l ₂)			
MIG/MAG			10	- 350 A
Rod electrode			10	- 350 A
Welding current at	10 min / 40 °C (104 °F)	40 %	60 %	100 %
U ₁ : 200 - 460 V		350 A	300 A	250 A
Output voltage range	according to standard characteristic (U	J ₂)		
MIG/MAG			14.5	- 31.5 V
Rod electrode			20.	4 - 35 V
Open circuit voltage (l	J ₀ peak / U ₀ r.m.s)			50 V
Apparent power	at 200 V AC / 350 A / 40 % ED ²⁾		13,	189 kVA
	at 400 V AC / 350 A / 40 % ED ²⁾		12,9	965 kVA
Degree of protection				IP 23
Type of cooling				AF
Insulation class				В
Overvoltage category				
Pollution level accordi	ng to IEC60664			3
Safety symbols			S, C	CE, CSA
Dimensions I x w x h			7 x 300 x	
		29.	4 x 11.8 x	
Weight				37.3 kg 82 lb.
Efficiency at 250 A an	d 26.5 V			87 %
Max. noise emission (L _{WA})		7	4 dB (A)
				. /

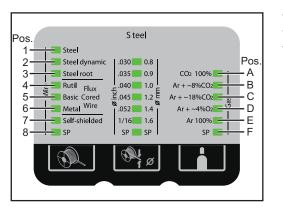
1) Interface to a 230/400 V, 50 Hz public grid

TSt 5000 MV Rob

Mains voltage (U ₁)		3 x	200 V	230 V		
Max. effective primary	/ current (I _{1eff})		39.5 A	36.3 A		
Max. primary current	(I _{1max})		66.7 A	57.4 A		
Mains fuse			63 A sl	ow-blow		
Mains voltage (U ₁)		3 x	400 V	460 V		
Max. effective primary	/ current (I _{1eff})		20.6 A	18.1 A		
Max. primary current	(I _{1max})		32.5 A	28.6 A		
Mains fuse			35 A sl	ow-blow		
Mains voltage toleran	се		-10	/ +15 %		
Mains frequency			5	60/60 Hz		
Cos phi (1)				0.99		
Max. permitted mains	impedance Z _{max} on PCC ¹⁾		63	3 mOhm		
Recommended earth-	leakage circuit breaker			Туре В		
Welding current range MIG/MAG	e (I ₂)		10	- 500 A		
Rod electrode			10	- 500 A		
Welding current at	10 min / 40 °C (104 °F)	35%	60%	100%		
U ₁ : 200 V		500 A	420 A	360 A		
Welding current at	10 min / 40 °C (104 °F)	40%	60%	100%		
U ₁ : 208 - 460 V		500 A	420 A	360 A		
Output voltage range	according to standard characteristic (L	J ₂)				
MIG/MAG			14.	3 - 39 V		
Rod electrode			20.	2 - 40 V		
Open circuit voltage (U ₀ peak / U ₀ r.m.s)			57 V		
Apparent power	at 200 V AC / 500 A / 40 % ED ²⁾		23,0	089 kVA		
	at 400 V AC / 500 A / 40 % ED ²⁾		22,4	492 kVA		
Degree of protection				IP 23		
Type of cooling				AF		
Insulation class				В		
Overvoltage category						
Pollution level accord	ing to IEC60664			3		
Safety symbols			S, C	CE, CSA		
Dimensions I x w x h		747 x 300 x 497 mm 29.4 x 11.8 x 19.6 in.				
Weight				43.6 kg 96.1 lb.		
Efficiency at 250 A an	d 26.5 V			88%		

1) Interface to a 230/400 V, 50 Hz public grid

Welding program tables

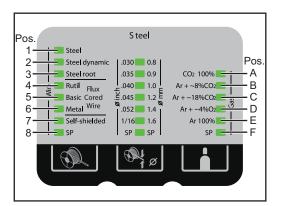


Welding program database: TransSteel 3500 Euro VAT ID 3431

Stan	dard Programs									
	Material		Gas	Diameter						
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP
1 🔳	Steel	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2290	2300	2310	2322	2334		
1 🔳	Steel	B 🔳	Ar + 8 % CO2	2288	2298	2308	2324	2332		
1 🔳	Steel	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489		
1 🔳	Steel	D 🔳	Ar + 4 % O2	2285	2297	2307	2323	2331		
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	в	Ar + 8 % CO2	2292	2302	2312	2326	2336		
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2	2293	2303	2313	2327	2337		
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	D 🔳	Ar + 4 % O2	2291	2301	2311	2325	2335		
3 🔳	Steel root	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2502	2501	2499	2500			
3 🔳	Steel root	в	Ar + 8 % CO2	2295	2305	2315	2329	2339		
3 🔳	Steel root	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2	2296	2306	2316	2330	2340		
3 🔳	Steel root	D 🔳	Ar + 4 % O2	2294	2304	2314	2328	2338		
4 💼	Rutil FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2		2410		2321	2391	2345	
4 💼	Rutil FCW	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2		2411		2320	2390	2344	
5 🔳	Basic FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2				2317	2433	2342	
5 💼	Basic FCW	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2				2318	2432	2341	
6 🔳	Metal cored	в 🔳	Ar + 8 % CO2		2420		2385	2387	2415	
6 🔳	Metal cored	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2		2421		2536	2388	2343	
7 💼	Self-shielded		Self-shielded		2350		2349		2348	

Spec	ial assignment									
Material Gas						Dia	ameter			
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP
1 🔳	Stainless Steel	F 🔳	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2427	2402	2426	2405			
3 💼	Stainless Steel root	F 📕	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2440	2441	2442	2443			
8 📕	FCW Stainless Steel	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2		2423		2424		2425	
8 💼	AIMg 5	E 💼	100 % Ar				2444			
8 🔲	AlSi	E 🔲	100 % Ar							3092*
8 📕	CuSi 3	F 🔳	SP	2496	2495	2493	2497			

TransSteel 5000 Euro welding program tables

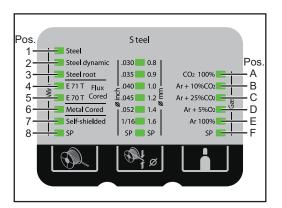


Welding program database: TransSteel 5000 Euro VAT ID 2546

Stan	dard Programs									
	Material		Gas	Diameter						
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SF
1	Steel	A 📕	100 % CO2	2290	2300	2310	2322	2334	2347	
1	Steel	B 📕	Ar + 8 % CO2	2288	2298	2308	2324	2332	2394	
1	Steel	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489	2490	
1	Steel	D 🔳	Ar + 4 % O2	2285	2297	2307	2323	2331	2395	
2 🔲	Steel dynamic	в	Ar + 8 % CO2	2292	2302	2312	2326	2336		
2 📕	Steel dynamic	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2	2293	2303	2313	2327	2337		
2 💼	Steel dynamic	D 💼	Ar + 4 % O2	2291	2301	2311	2325	2335		
3 📕	Steel root	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2502	2501	2499	2500		2529	
3 💼	Steel root	в	Ar + 8 % CO2	2295	2305	2315	2329	2339		
3 💼	Steel root	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2	2296	2306	2316	2330	2340		
3 💼	Steel root	D 🔳	Ar + 4 % O2	2294	2304	2314	2328	2338		
4 🔲	Rutil FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2		2410		2321	2391	2345	
4 💼	Rutil FCW	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2		2411		2320	2390	2344	
5 💼	Basic FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2				2317	2433	2342	
5 📕	Basic FCW	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2				2318	2432	2341	
6 🔲	Metal cored	в	Ar + 8 % CO2		2420		2385	2387	2415	
6 📕	Metal cored	c 🔳	Ar + 18 % CO2		2421		2536	2388	2343	
7 💼	Self-shielded		Self-shielded		2350		2349		2348	

Spec	Special assignment												
Material Gas					Diameter								
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP			
1 🔳	Stainless Steel	F 💼	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2427	2402	2426	2405		2428				
3 📕	Stainless Steel root	F 🔳	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2440	2441	2442	2443						
8 📕	FCW Stainless Steel	C 💼	Ar + 18 % CO2		2423		2424		2425				
8 💼	AIMg 5	E 💼	100 % Ar				2444						
8 📕	AISi	E 💼	100 % Ar							3092*			
8 🔳	CuSi 3	F 💼	SP	2496	2495	2493	2497		2498				

TransSteel 3500 US welding program tables

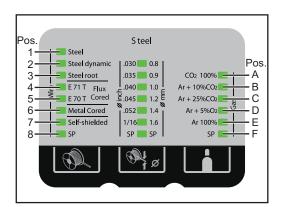


Welding program database: TransSteel 3500 US VAT ID 3431

Stan	Standard Programs											
	Material		Gas	Diameter								
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP		
1 🔳	Steel	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2290	2300	2310	2322	2334				
1 🔳	Steel	в 💼	Ar + 10 % CO2	2418	2370	2308	2377	2409				
1 🔳	Steel	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2	2419	2369	2309	2376	2333				
1 🔳	Steel	D 🔳	Ar + 5 % O2	2372	2371	2307	2378	2408				
2 📕	Steel dynamic	B 🔳	Ar + 10 % CO2	2374	2367	2312	2380	2336				
2 💼	Steel dynamic	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2	2375	2366	2313	2379	2337				
2 📕	Steel dynamic	D 🔳	Ar + 5 % O2	2373	2368	2311	2381	2335				
2 📕	Steel dynamic	в	Ar + 10 % CO2		2462							
3 📕	Steel root	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2502	2501	2499	2500					
3 📕	Steel root	в	Ar + 10 % CO2	2295	2364	2315	2383	2339				
3 📕	Steel root	C 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2	2296	2363	2316	2382	2340				
3 📕	Steel root	D 🔳	Ar + 5 % O2	2294	2365	2314	2384	2338				
4 💼	Rutil FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2		2471		2472	2467	2469			
4 📕	Rutil FCW	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2		2470		2456	2466	2468			
5 📕	Basic FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2				2474	2433	2476			
5 💼	Basic FCW	C 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2				2473	2432	2475			
6 📕	Metal cored	в 🔳	Ar + 10 % CO2		2420		2385	2387	2415			
6 📕	Metal cored	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2		2421		2386	2388	2416			
7 📕	Self-shielded		Self-shielded		2350		2349		2348			

Spec	Special assignment										
	Material	Gas	Diameter								
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP	
3 🔳	Stainless Steel root	F 📕	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2440	2441	2442	2443				
6 🔳	FCW Stainless Steel	F 📕	Ar + 18 % CO2		2423		2424		2425		
8 🔳	Stainless Steel	A 🔳	Ar + 90 % He + 2,5 % CO2		2404		2407				
8 🔳	Stainless Steel	B 📕	Ar + 33 % He + 1 % CO2		2403		2406				
8 🔳	Stainless Steel	c 🔳	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2427	2402	2426	2405				
8 🔳	FCW MAP409Ti	D 💼	Ar + 2 % O2				2464	2465			
8 🔳	AIMg 5	E 🔲	100 % Ar				2444				
8 🔳	AlSi	E 💼	100 % Ar							3092*	
8 🔳	CuSi 3	F 📕	SP	2496	2495	2493	2497				

TransSteel 5000 US welding program tables

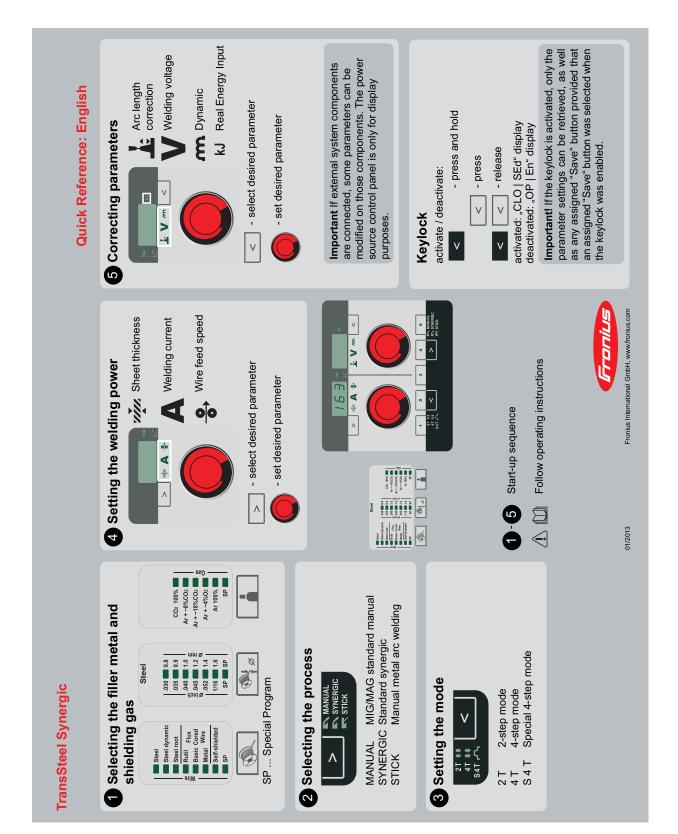


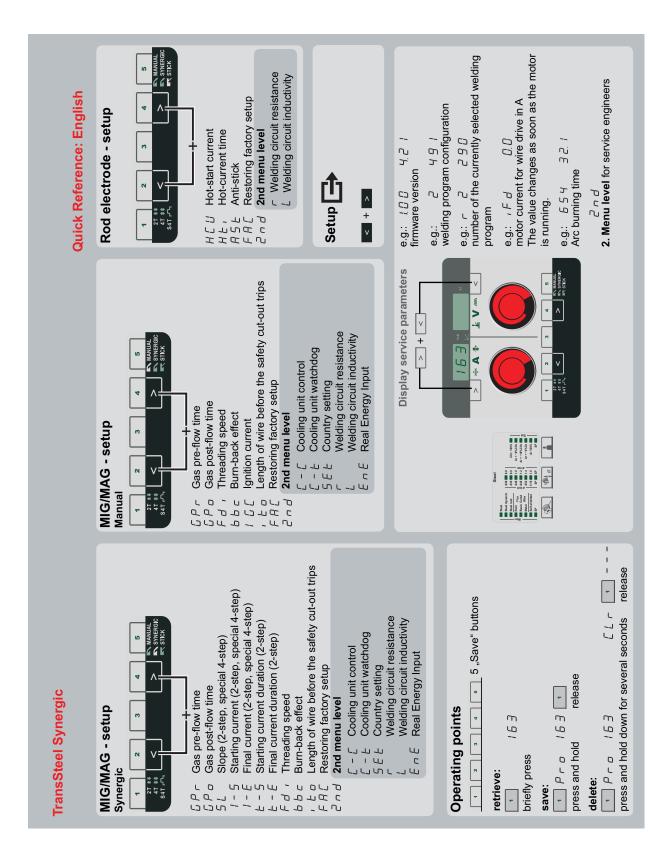
Welding program database: TransSteel 5000 US VAT ID 2539

Stan	Standard Programs											
	Material		Gas	Diameter								
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP		
1 🔳	Steel	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2290	2300	2310	2322	2334	2347			
1 🔳	Steel	B 🔳	Ar + 10 % CO2	2418	2370	2308	2377	2409	2394			
1 🔳	Steel	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2	2419	2369	2309	2376	2333	2346			
1 🔳	Steel	D 🔳	Ar + 5 % O2	2372	2371	2307	2378	2408	2395			
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	B 🔳	Ar + 10 % CO2	2374	2367	2312	2380	2336				
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2	2375	2366	2313	2379	2337				
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	D 📕	Ar + 5 % O2	2373	2368	2311	2381	2335				
2 🔳	Steel dynamic	B 🔳	Ar + 10 % CO2		2462							
3 🔳	Steel root	A 🔳	100 % CO2	2502	2501	2499	2500		2529			
3 🔳	Steel root	в	Ar + 10 % CO2	2295	2364	2315	2383	2339				
3 🔳	Steel root	C 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2	2296	2363	2316	2382	2340				
3 🔳	Steel root	D 💼	Ar + 5 % O2	2294	2365	2314	2384	2338				
4 💼	Rutil FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2		2471		2472	2467	2469			
4 💼	Rutil FCW	c 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2		2470		2456	2466	2468			
5 💼	Basic FCW	A 🔳	100 % CO2				2474	2433	2476			
5 💼	Basic FCW	c 💼	Ar + 25 % CO2				2473	2432	2475			
6 💼	Metal cored	в 🔳	Ar + 10 % CO2		2420		2385	2387	2415			
6 🔳	Metal cored	C 🔳	Ar + 25 % CO2		2421		2386	2388	2416			
7 💼	Self-shielded		Self-shielded		2350		2349		2348			

Spec	Special assignment									
	Material									
Pos.		Pos.		0,8 mm .030"	0,9 mm .035"	1,0 mm .040"	1,2 mm .045"	1,4 mm .052"	1,6 mm 1/16"	SP
3 🔳	Stainless Steel root	F 🔲	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2440	2441	2442	2443			
6 💼	FCW Stainless Steel	F 💼	Ar + 18 % CO2		2423		2424		2425	
8 🔳	Stainless Steel	A 🔳	Ar + 90 % He + 2,5 % CO2		2404		2407			
8 🔳	Stainless Steel	B 📕	Ar + 33 % He + 1 % CO2		2403		2406			
8 🔳	Stainless Steel	c 🗖	Ar + 2,5 % CO2	2427	2402	2426	2405		2428	
8 🔳	FCW MAP409Ti	D 💼	Ar + 2 % O2				2464	2465		
8 🔳	AIMg 5	E 💼	100 % Ar				2444			
8 🔳	AlSi	E 💼	100 % Ar							3092*
8 🔳	CuSi 3	F 🔲	SP	2496	2495	2493	2497		2498	

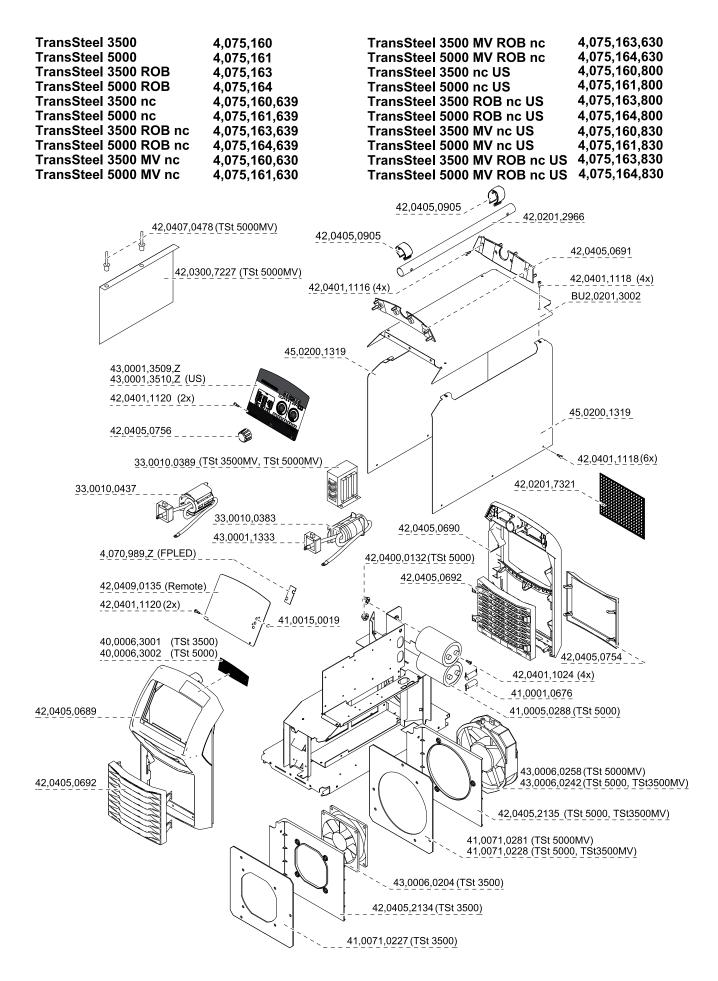
Quick reference

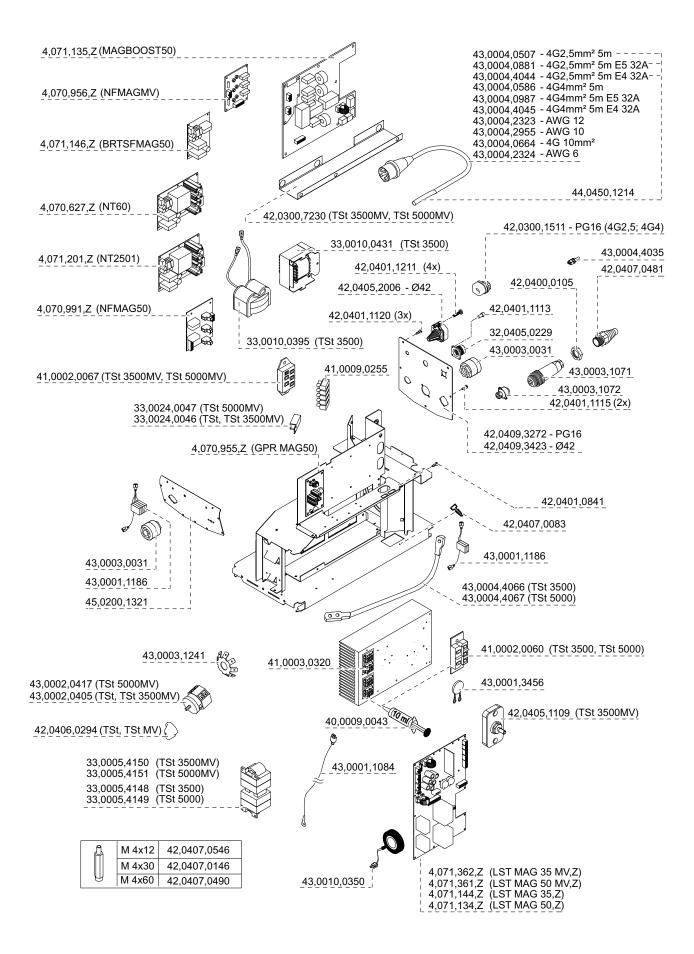




Appendix

Spare parts list: TSt 3500 Rob, TSt 5000 Rob







FRONIUS INTERNATIONAL GMBH Froniusplatz 1, A-4600 Wels, Austria Tel: +43 (0)7242 241-0, Fax: +43 (0)7242 241-3940 E-Mail: sales@fronius.com www.fronius.com

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